

Hello ASV Members,

Yesterday IDEXX announced availability of their IDEXX SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19)
RealPCR™ test to veterinarians. Testing shelter animals for COVID-19, a reportable disease, could have significant impacts. Prior to testing animals for COVID-19 veterinarians should contact their state public health veterinarian or designated health official. Ensuring that a positive COVID-19 test in a shelter animal will not encounter a forced closure of the shelter or euthanasia of the animal is important to verify with your state public health official(s) before considering any COVID-19 testing in your shelter population.

The CDC's guidance page <u>"Evaluation for SARS-CoV-2 Testing in Animals"</u> or/and consultation with a university shelter medicine program (U. Wisconsin, U. California-Davis, Cornell U., U. Florida) are helpful resources for shelter veterinarians.

Current recommendations for shelters housing an animal that tests positive for COVID-19:

- 1. Animal is sheltered in isolation until 14 days after resolution of the clinical symptoms.
- 2. Staff must wear appropriate PPE including face mask, gloves and wash hands before and after handling animals.
- 3. Animal is provided appropriate supportive medical care.
- 4. The shelter facility is to remain open for other essential services.
- 5. Euthanasia should not be a requirement.

As indicated by IDEXX, prior to submitting a test for COVID-19 in an animal, the following are needed:

- 1. Consultation with a public health authority (for example, a state public health veterinarian in the United States)
- 2. The pet must meet these three specific criteria:
 - 1. Pet is living in a household with a human who has COVID-19 or has tested positive for the virus
 - 2. Pet has already been tested for more common infections, that a veterinarian has ruled out
 - 3. Pet (especially cats and ferrets) is showing clinical signs consistent with COVID-19

As with any test, consideration of how the test results will impact the treatment or management of the animal is important to determine if and when a test is indicated. Thus far, COVID-19 infection in animals has been rare, the clinical course of this virus in the few animals infected has been mild/self-limiting and pets do not serve as a source of infection for people. Therefore, in general, broad testing of pets for COVID-19 is not recommended or necessary at this time. We will continue to monitor and share adjustments to recommendations during this evolving situation.

Sincerely,

ASV COVID-19 Crisis Response Task Force

The mission of the ASV is to advance and support the practice of shelter medicine in order to improve community animal health and well-being.