

FARM FORECASTER

CROP AND LIVE STOCK REPORT FOR NORTH CAROLINA



CROP REPORTING SERVICE

NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
DIVISION OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS



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FACING THE FARM PROBLEM

By the Commissioner of Agriculture

The world today is witnessing the greatest economic and social drama that has been enacted since modern civilization began, with agriculture playing a leading role. The farmer plays the part of a victim of a combination of circumstances, over which he had no control. The curtain rose in the fall of 1929 and the plot thickened to what we see it today.

Just how the present tragedy will end no man can foresee, but there will never be any successful or satisfying conclusion until we accord to the tiller of the soil his rightful position in the economic and social order.

A review of the various relief measures will show them all to be but temporary. I do not question the motives of their sponsors, but I do assert that until those sound principles of government which place farming upon a parity with other basic industries have been brought into

action there can be no permanent solution of the problems now confronting us. No temporary shelter will protect our people from the storms of adversity.

The immortal Bryan once said, "Burn your cities and leave the farms and, like magic, the cities will spring again into being; but destroy your farms, and grass will grow in your city streets."

The fact that we have so long withstood the onslaughts of adversity demonstrates our ability to take punishment and, inspired with the hope that recovery will come in due season, many of us have been busy making those readjustments deemed necessary to success in the future. Our greatest achievement has been the development of a staunch determination to utilize our natural resources to the limit and convert them into new sources of income.

For years, the State Department of Agriculture has urged our people to live at

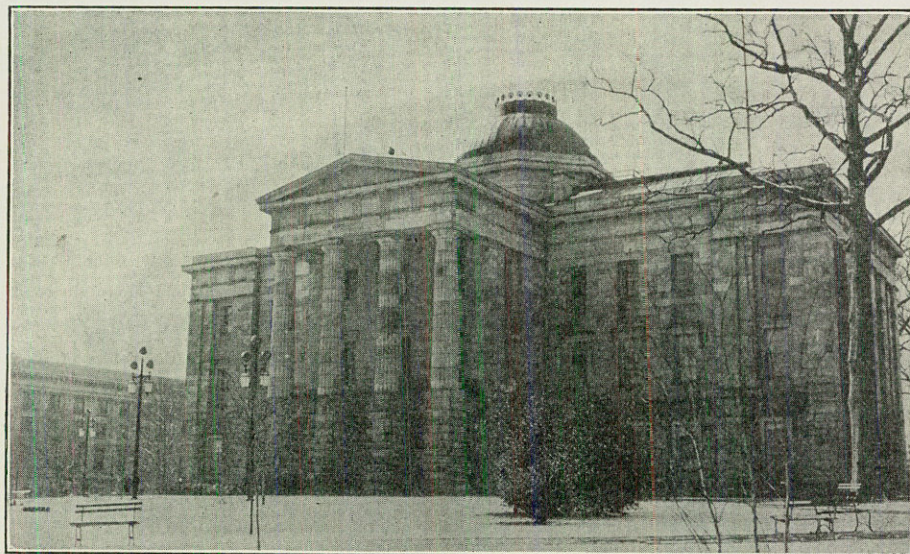
home, that is, to **diversify** their crops and to raise enough food and feedstuff to make this a self-sustaining State. At no time have we discouraged business intercourse with other sections. That would be a short-sighted policy; but we have, at the same time, endeavored to impress upon our people the futility of the one-crop or the two-crop system. Our people seem to have awakened to the fact that the more food and feed we produce the more advantageous will be our position in the time of stress. All over North Carolina our farmers have been doing this. The men have been working in the fields producing the food, and our farm women have been busy in the kitchen canning and otherwise preserving food supplies.

We face the future with slim pocket-books, but with faith in our ability to perform. No man is ever beaten till he admits it, and the farmers of North Carolina have not yet showed the white feather. But until we can sell our commodities at fair prices, so as to provide profits over and above the cost of production, we will not have achieved that economic condition so necessary to any enterprise. Until there comes such a readjustment as will offer a guarantee against tax foreclosures and other bitter experiences of that nature, we will continue to live and work under a heavy burden.

My message to the farmers of North Carolina, as we face the spring of 1933, is to be cautious, cut out all unnecessary overhead expense, plant ample crops for food and feed, and make a reasonable reduction in acreage of strictly money crops.

Wm. A. Graham

Commissioner.



This shows the State Capitol Building where the Legislature is now in session. The January snow is shown covering the grass. The Supreme Court Building is shown on the extreme left.

CROP REPORTING SERVICE FEATURES

COUNTY SERVICE:

For the past two months an educational sheet called "COUNTY SERVICE" has been sent to county leaders who had an important contact with farmers. The main object was to enable these leaders to become better informed concerning the needs and usages of crop reports. Other suggestions for COUNTY service were sent. After all, a good official must be a SERVANT for effective results. This sheet is similar to "REPORTERS' NEWS."

REPORTERS' NEWS:

Since January 1925 a sheet like "COUNTY SERVICE" has been sent to the crop reporters in North Carolina. This sheet is intended to interest our *voluntary* aids as well as to inform them of important features of the reports sought. Occasional remarks have been convincing that this sheet is very helpful. It is inspirational and helpful to the reporters' morale and loyalty.

FARM CENSUS SURVEY:

In April-May of each year comprehensive farm facts are secured from farm owners through their township tax supervisors. This information has become the basis of our COUNTY crop and livestock figures. Without this survey no county facts would be available. Then the County Agents, Agricultural Teachers and others would be unable to SERVE their local farmers and communities as effectively. It offers all the advantages of an inventory. It locates supply and demand factors.

ASSESSORS' LIVESTOCK DATA:

The farmers report their breeding stock on the farm survey and their total number of each kind of livestock on the tax abstracts. These reports are used effectively by agricultural leaders in studying county livestock information. They are published in this issue. While certain classes are not complete, the information offers fairly good trends and comparisons.

MONTHLY CROP REPORTS:

Each month a *regular* crop report is developed for all crops of seasonal importance from thousands of reporters throughout the United States and other countries. There are about 3,000 such (unpaid) reporters in North Carolina alone. Almost 400 of these did not miss a month from July through December 1932 in spite of the complicated questions and many special inquiries sent. Most of these loyal aids have become expert judges of farm matters.

SPECIAL CROP INQUIRIES:

Besides the twenty regular reports, there are more than one hundred special reports developed during the year. These include truck, fruit, legumes, yields, tobacco sales, hays, small grains, millers cotton boll counts, farm surveys, and many others. Due to the large "samples" or number of judgments obtained, quite reliable averages are secured. While not accurate, of course, yet the resulting information is remarkably reliable and usable.

COTTON GINNINGS:

From September to December monthly reports are secured on the bales of cotton ginned to given dates. Good responses are usually made by ginners on a voluntary basis. These reports are used as checks on our monthly cotton estimates and have aided much in the remarkable accuracy of these estimates. Seasonal estimates on all phases of cotton production are collected and published.

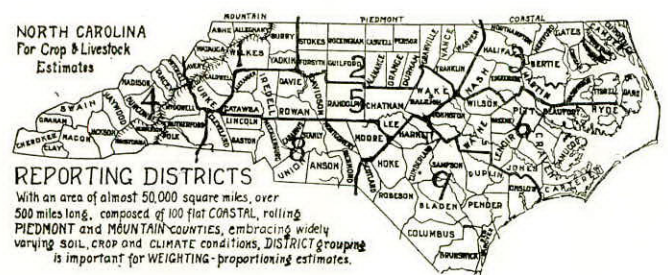
RURAL CARRIERS' SURVEYS:

In June, September and December special report cards are distributed and collected by the Rural Mail Carriers of the entire United States. Many co-operate admirably, while, of course others are too busy and otherwise disinterested. Even so, many thousands of individual report cards are returned. This source of information is considered very valuable and reliable.

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CROP REPORTING DISTRICTS



North Carolina is divided into three distinct areas known as Coastal or eastern flat lands, Piedmont plateau or rolling country and Mountain counties. The soils in these areas are generally different from each other. This results in other differences such as crops, plant life and even the habits of its farm peoples. To better study these, the counties are divided into district groups. Thus, neighboring counties may be better studied. The district lines run north and south, much as do the geographical divisions mentioned. This explains why the county tables are divided into seven parts. The map above is an index to district numbers and locations.

FARM FORECASTER

CROP AND LIVE STOCK REPORT FOR NORTH CAROLINA

W. A. GRAHAM, COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE (N. C.)
WILLIAM H. RHODES, JR., ASSOCIATE AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

W. F. CALLANDER, CHAIRMAN CROP REPORTING BOARD (U. S.)
FRANK PARKER, AGRICULTURAL STATISTICIAN

THE AGRICULTURAL SITUATION

North Carolina farmers put forth a maximum effort in 1932 to produce their crops and livestock at a minimum cost. The crop productions were fair in spite of a record dry summer. Interruptions to planting of small grains by fall rains reduced the acreages of these crops. Last year's total crop acreage was only 2 per cent less than the five year average.

The present record low exchange value of farm products for manufactured commodities (required in farm work) has finally reached the limit of endurance. The non-farming interests are finding that the farm "cow" is dry. No more "milk" is to be had and none in prospect. This is illustrated by the chart below. It is time for business interests to pay more attention to their farming gold mine.

Since 1918 farm products have been sold at subnormal (pre-war) exchange rates. The capital and surplus farm operating funds are exhausted. The work stock as well as the cow is reduced to skin and bones. In our dilemma, what are we to do? While farmers have farm supplies on

hand, they have usually cost more to produce than they will sell for. Clothing, home and farm equipment, as well as needed varieties in food are sadly lacking. This means that there just isn't any farm money for these or taxes or debts.

What may the farmer produce safely then? Foods and feeds for the farm needs first. As for cash income, let these crops be surplus. A study of prices since 1922 is available on page 7. Livestock have shown the least decline, excepting hogs and horses. Cotton has shown the greatest decline in prices.

The purchasing power of the farm products has reached the record low point of half (50 per cent) of the 1910 to 1914 average exchange value. Farm tax rates are still high, while the land valuations are much greater than twenty years ago. At the same time the selling value of farm lands is very low—even if they were saleable. Who wants a farm under present conditions any way?

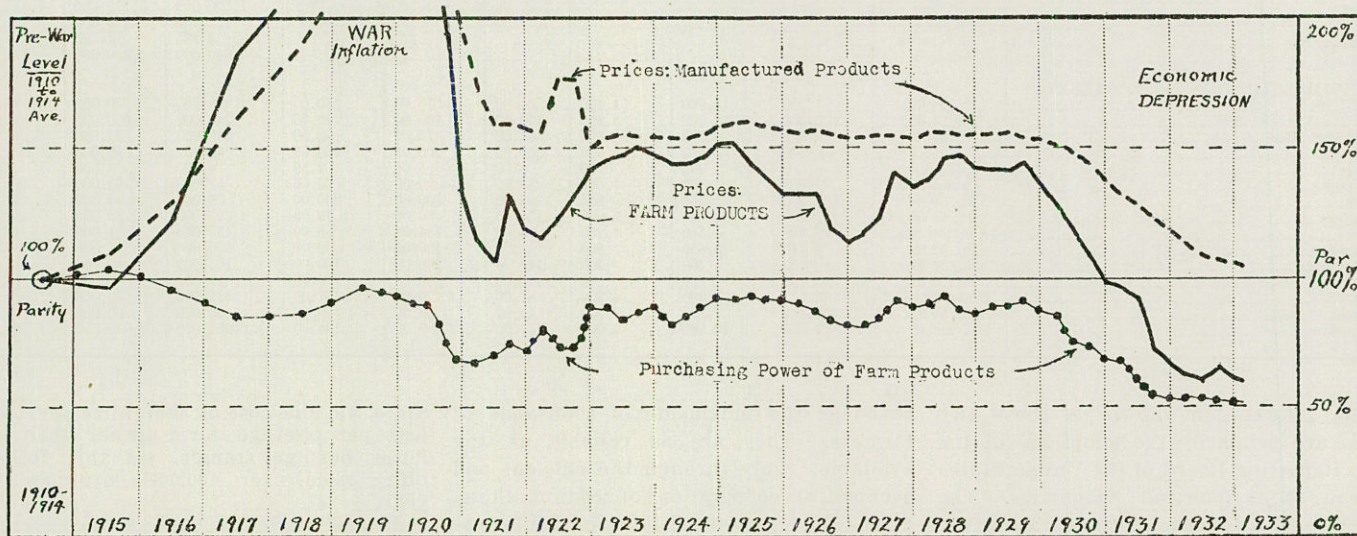
What will the voluntary Domestic Allotment Relief Plan bring? There are favorable and unfavorable features. But is there anything better available? Isn't it

a case of a rope or nothing? See page 16.

Really now what is the situation? Nothing particularly favorable is in sight, unless a practical plan of farm financial relief is extended. Perhaps the best plan is to "Eat what you can, and can what you can't." One farmer canned most of a young steer when he couldn't sell to advantage. Now is the time to prepare the garden and vegetable land. The better the preparation now, the more and the better the products later.

A favorable sign is that many farmers are utilizing the present unprofitable conditions by planting crops that enrich the soil fertility along with the feed they supply. These include "legume-small grain" winter cover crops. An example is wheat or rye with vetch and winter peas. Lespedeza is being broadcasted in this crop in early March, and thus supply an additional soil improving, erosion prevention and hay or grazing summer crop. Thus at a relatively low cost two or three crops may be secured without hired labor. Here is available an early summer hay or turning under crop, and an early fall grazing hay or seed crop. The present agricultural situation requires such economy, planning and utilization of farm lands.

Percentage Comparison of Prices Received to Pre-War Prices and Purchasing Power of Farm Products in North Carolina



The chart above illustrates the comparison of prices that farmers receive for their products to those that they have to buy (manufactured). Thus the ratio of prices that farmers receive to the prices they pay gives the purchasing power of farm products. The "index number" of prices simply means the percentage relationship at a given time to a base period. The base used above is the five-year period, 1910-1914 average. The war inflation showed a peak reach of about 250% comparison or INDEX, of both farm and non-agricultural commodities. The center or par line (100%) above, is the base for comparing each feature. Thus the purchasing ability or value of the farmers' dollar has been less since 1915 than it was before the World War. Since 1929 the depression has increasingly affected the farmers as shown in the January, 1933 low purchasing power of 51 per cent. The non-agricultural products are shown to be still above the pre-war level.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS

Seasons 1930-1931 revised, and Preliminary Estimates for 1932

FIELD CROPS	Units of Measure	Acreage			Yield			Production		
		1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932
Corn, for grain.....	Bushels	2,135,000	2,244,000	2,203,000	18.00	20.50	15.00	38,430,000	46,002,000	33,045,000
Corn, for silage.....	Tons	13,000	12,000	12,000	5.50	5.30	4.50	72,000	64,000	54,000
Corn, for forage.....	Tons	85,000	89,000	107,000						
Corn, all (except sweet and pop).....	Bushels	2,233,000	2,345,000	2,322,000	18.00	20.50	15.00	40,194,000	48,072,000	34,830,000
Corn, leaf fodder (stripped).....	Tons	1,217,000	1,300,000	1,100,000	460.00	480.00	400.00	279,810	312,000	220,000
Corn, top (cut above ear).....	Tons	600,000	660,000	550,000	620.00	680.00	600.00	186,000	224,200	165,000
Winter wheat, planted.....		277,600	344,000	380,000						
Winter wheat, harvested.....	Bushels	265,000	339,000	376,000	10.80	13.00	9.50	2,862,000	4,407,000	3,572,000
Oats, for grain.....	Bushels	186,000	197,000	205,000	19.00	23.00	18.00	3,534,000	4,531,000	3,690,000
Barley, for grain.....	Bushels	21,000	24,000	19,000	17.50	20.00	17.00	368,000	480,000	323,000
Rye, planted.....			160,000	152,000						
Rye, for grain, harvested.....	Bushels	49,000	64,000	64,000	8.00	9.00	8.00	392,000	576,000	512,000
Buckwheat.....	Bushels	4,000	4,000	4,000	12.00	15.00	11.00	48,000	60,000	44,000
Sorghum, for syrup.....	Gallons	22,000	29,000	28,000	60.00	73.00	60.00	1,320,000	2,117,000	1,680,000
Sorghum, for forage (and hay).....	Tons	16,000	19,000	17,000	1.75	1.50	1.25	28,000	28,000	21,000
Cotton, planted.....		1,656,000	1,342,000	1,384,000						
Cotton, harvested.....	Bales	1,643,000	1,333,000	1,373,000	225.00	271.00	223.00	775,000	756,000	640,000
Cottonseed.....	Tons	1,643,000	1,333,000	1,373,000	417.53	502.63	413.69	343,000	335,000	284,000
Tobacco.....	Pounds	766,000	698,000	476,000	765.00	687.00	590.00	585,990,000	479,526,000	280,840,000
Potatoes (Commercial early).....	Bushels	31,500	33,500	23,500	138.00	155.00	155.00	4,347,000	5,192,000	3,642,000
Potatoes (other early).....	Bushels	19,500	20,500	20,500	69.00	88.00	75.00	1,346,000	1,804,000	1,538,000
Potatoes (late crop).....	Bushels	25,000	25,000	24,000	61.00	61.00	59.00	1,527,000	1,536,000	1,416,000
Potatoes (total).....	Bushels	76,000	79,000	68,000	95.00	108.00	97.00	7,220,000	8,532,000	6,596,000
Potatoes, sweet.....	Bushels	75,000	80,000	94,000	90.00	82.00	85.00	6,750,000	6,560,000	7,990,000
HAY CROPS										
All clover and Timothy.....	Tons	90,000	80,000	72,000	1.05	1.05	.85	94,000	84,000	61,000
Alfalfa.....	Tons	5,000	5,000	6,000	1.60	2.00	1.75	8,000	10,000	10,000
Lespedeza.....	Tons	27,000	41,000	55,000	1.17	1.25	1.00	32,000	51,000	55,000
Soybeans, for hay.....	Tons	124,000	136,000	124,000	1.00	1.05	.85	124,000	143,000	105,000
Cowpeas, for hay.....	Tons	28,000	59,000	94,000	.75	.95	.70	21,000	56,000	66,000
Peanuts, for hay.....	Tons	192,000	234,000	239,000	.55	.65	.55	105,600	152,000	131,000
Total annual legumes.....	Tons	344,000	429,000	457,000	.73	.82	.66	251,000	351,000	302,000
Grains cut green for hay.....	Tons	59,000	68,000	63,000	1.00	1.10	.85	59,000	75,000	54,000
Miscellaneous tame hay.....	Tons	98,000	98,000	92,000	.90	1.10	.90	88,000	108,000	83,000
All tame hay (total).....	Tons	623,000	721,000	745,000	.85	.94	.76	532,000	679,000	565,000
Wild hay.....	Tons	25,000	24,000	19,000	1.10	1.10	.80	19,000	26,000	15,000
Clover seed, Lespedeza.....	Bushels	1,500	2,500	4,000	3.50	4.65	4.00	5,250	11,620	16,000
SOYBEANS										
Grown alone.....		201,000	221,000	210,000						
Interplanted.....		319,000	336,000	289,000						
Total (equivalent solid).....		361,000	339,000	354,000						
For grain (equivalent solid).....	Bushels	97,000	107,000	80,000	13.00	14.00	12.00	1,261,000	1,498,000	960,000
Total (equivalent solid) less hay.....	Bushels	237,000	253,000	230,000	13.00	14.00	12.00	3,081,000	3,542,000	2,760,000
Other purposes (equivalent solid).....		140,000	146,000	150,000						
COWPEAS										
Grown alone.....		51,000	102,000	163,000						
Interplanted.....		44,000	75,000	105,000						
Total (equivalent solid).....		73,000	141,000	215,000						
For grain (equivalent solid).....	Bushels	17,000	34,000	39,000	11.00	12.00	9.50	187,000	408,000	370,000
Total (equivalent solid) less hay.....	Bushels	45,000	82,000	121,000	11.00	12.00	9.50	495,000	984,000	1,150,000
Other purposes (equivalent solid).....		28,000	45,000	82,000						
PEANUTS										
Grown alone.....		228,000	278,000	292,000						
Interplanted.....		6,000	6,000	5,000						
Total (equivalent solid).....		231,000	281,000	294,000	900.00	1,150.00	940.00	207,900,000	323,150,000	276,360,000
For grain (equivalent solid).....	Pounds	218,000	266,000	271,000	900.00	1,150.00	940.00	196,200,000	305,900,000	254,740,000
Other purposes (equivalent solid).....		13,000	15,000	23,000						
FRUIT										
Apples (agricultural total).....	Bushels							2,538,000	5,328,000	1,825,000
Apples (commercial).....	Barrels							142,000	280,000	119,000
Peaches.....	Bushels							1,800,000	3,128,000	1,645,000
Pears.....	Bushels							122,000	340,000	99,000
Grapes.....	Tons							3,880	4,620	3,431
Pecans.....	Pounds							640,000	1,050,000	575,000
COMMERCIAL TRUCK FOR MARKET										
Beans (Lima).....	Bu. 28 lbs.	1,200	1,000	1,400	66.00	70.00	60.00	79,000	70,000	84,000
Beans (snap), intermediate.....	Bu. 24 lbs.	6,500	6,000	5,400	120.00	100.00	80.00	780,000	600,000	432,000
Beans (snap), late.....	Bu. 24 lbs.	500	500	800	55.00	70.00	60.00	28,000	35,000	48,000
Beets.....		300	450	300	200.00	200.00	160.00	60,000	90,000	48,000
Cabbage.....	Tons	800	700	800	6.00	5.00	2.50	4,800	3,500	2,000
Cantaloupes.....	Crates 45's	620	1,100	2,600	85.00	90.00	70.00	53,000	99,000	182,000
Carrots.....	Bu. 50 lbs.	350	300	200	200.00	300.00	250.00	70,000	90,000	50,000
Cucumbers.....	Bu. 48 lbs.	7,300	5,800	5,000	150.00	50.00	70.00	1,095,000	290,000	350,000
Lettuce.....	Crates 4 doz.	1,400	1,500	1,200	93.00	134.00	36.00	130,000	201,000	43,000
Peas (green).....	Bu. 32 lbs.	4,740	3,650	3,800	83.00	100.00	50.00	393,000	365,000	190,000
Peppers (green).....	Bu. 22 lbs.	750	700	500	140.00	200.00	180.00	105,000	140,000	90,000
Spinach.....	Bu. 20 lbs.	80	80	80	240.00	200.00	220.00	19,000	16,000	18,000
Strawberries.....	Crates 24 qts.	5,400	5,300	6,200	81.00	120.00	87.00	437,000	636,000	539,000
Tomatoes.....	Bu. 56 lbs.	1,450	1,800	2,700	40.00	50.00	50.00	58,000	90,000	135,000
Watermelons.....	Number	7,600	10,500	9,000	270.00	280.00	185.00	2,052,000	2,940,000	1,665,000

The information shown on these two pages are primarily the adoptions of the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics. The prices used are those prepared from the November and December, 1932 reports received by the Crop Reporting Service at Raleigh and may vary slightly from those published later from Washington.

The information on other pages, particularly for counties, are compiled entirely within North Carolina. The figures are

based on the judgments of thousands of farmers. They are as reliable as any available. Only through the efficient and economical cooperation of Nation, State, county and individuals, is such information available.

The voluntary reporters in North Carolina number several thousand in the sixteen groups available for regular and special reports. The annual farm survey represents more than 200,000 farms or 86 per cent of the 1932 crop land in this

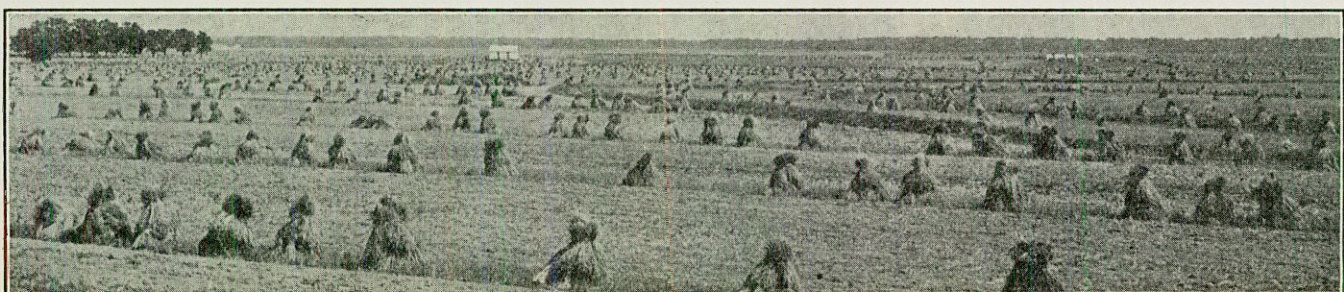
State, yet the cost of the entire service is less per average farm owner than two letter postage stamps, yet this Raleigh office used over 400,000 envelopes last year.

Please study on page 2 the agencies employed in this Service. North Carolina is especially fortunate in having an annual farm survey. In no other way could reliable county information be provided. The greatest advantages are to the individual farmers themselves, as explained on page 15.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS

Seasons 1930-1931 revised, and Preliminary Estimates for 1932

Price Per Unit			Total Value			Value Per Acre			Bushel Weight Pounds	Rate of Seeding Per Acre	FIELD CROP
1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932			
\$.93	\$.43	\$.44	\$35,739,900	\$19,780,860	\$14,539,800	\$ 16.74	\$ 8.82	\$ 6.60	56 shelled	2-4 qts.	Corn, for grain
7.50	5.75	5.00	540,000	368,000	270,000	41.25	30.48	12.50			Corn, for silage
											Corn, for forage
.93	.43	.44	37,380,000	20,671,000	15,325,200	16.74	8.82	6.60			Corn, all (except sweet and pop)
23.00	20.00	18.00	6,437,930	6,240,000	3,960,000	5.29	4.80	3.60			Corn, leaf fodder (stripped)
13.00	11.50	10.00	2,418,000	2,578,300	1,650,000	4.03	3.91	3.00			Corn, top (cut above ear)
									60	1½ bu.	Winter wheat, planted
1.09	.72	.68	3,120,000	3,173,000	2,428,960	11.77	9.36	6.46			Winter wheat, harvested
.68	.38	.37	2,403,000	1,722,000	1,365,300	12.92	8.74	6.66	32	2-3 bu.	Oats, for grain
1.06	.70	.55	390,000	336,000	177,650	18.55	14.00	9.35	48	2 bu.	Barley, for grain
									56	1¼ bu.	Rye, planted
1.23	.71	.66	482,000	409,000	337,920	9.84	6.39	5.28			Rye, for grain
.98	.58	.54	47,000	35,000	23,760	11.76	8.70	5.94	50	4-5 pks.	Buckwheat
.80	.53	.48	1,056,000	1,122,000	806,400	48.00	38.69	28.80	50	2-3 qts.	Sorghum, for grain
17.00	12.00	10.00	476,000	336,000	210,000	29.75	18.00	12.50			Sorghum, for forage (and hay)
									30	1½-2 bu.	Cotton, planted
.099	.060	.061	38,362,000	21,654,860	18,637,700	22.28	16.26	13.60			Cotton, harvested
22.00	12.00	11.20	7,546,000	4,020,000	3,180,800	4.59	3.02	2.32			Cottonseed
.129	.088	.118	75,593,000	42,198,000	33,139,000	98.69	60.48	69.62		5,000 plants	Tobacco
1.30	.52	.67	5,651,000	2,699,840	2,440,140	179.40	80.60	103.85			Potatoes (Commercial early)
1.08	.74	.60	1,453,680	1,344,160	866,740	74.55	65.57	42.28			Potatoes (other early)
1.02	.70	.56	1,559,320	1,075,200	848,600	62.37	43.00	35.36			Potatoes (late crop)
1.20	.60	.63	8,664,000	5,119,200	4,155,480	114.00	64.80	61.11	56	15 pks.	Potatoes (total)
.90	.55	.40	6,075,000	3,608,000	3,196,000	81.00	45.10	34.00	56	6-8,000 plants	Potatoes, sweet
											HAY CROPS
21.00	15.70	14.25	1,974,000	1,318,800	869,250	21.93	16.49	12.07			All clover and Timothy
23.50	20.00	18.00	188,000	200,000	180,000	37.60	40.00	30.00	60	20-30 lbs.	Alfalfa
17.39	16.00	15.50	556,480	816,000	852,500	20.61	16.90	15.50	25	25 lbs. in hull	Lespedeza
20.50	15.25	13.00	2,542,000	2,180,750	1,365,000	20.50	16.03	11.01	60	1-1½ bu.	Soybeans, for hay
20.00	15.35	12.00	420,000	859,600	792,000	15.00	14.57	8.43	60	1¼-2 bu.	Cowpeas, for hay
14.00	9.50	8.00	1,478,400	1,444,000	1,048,000	7.70	6.17	4.33	22	10 qts.	Peanuts, for hay
18.69	12.78	10.61	4,440,400	4,404,350	3,205,000	12.91	10.45	7.01			Total annual legumes
14.95	13.48	11.00	882,050	1,011,000	594,000	14.95	14.87	9.43			Grains cut green for hay
19.50	11.50	11.25	1,716,000	1,242,000	933,750	17.51	12.67	10.15			Miscellaneous tame hay
19.30	13.00	11.30	10,267,600	8,827,000	6,384,500	16.48	12.24	8.57			All tame hay (total)
14.00	9.50	8.80	266,000	247,000	132,000	10.64	10.29	6.95			Wild hay
6.00	2.75	1.50	31,500	31,955	24,000	21.00	12.78	6.00	25	25 lbs. in hull	Clover seed, Lespedeza
											SOYBEANS
											Grown alone
1.55	.70	.55	1,954,550	1,048,600	528,000	20.15	9.80	6.60	60	1-1½ bu.	Interplanted
1.55	.70	.55	4,775,550	2,479,400	1,518,000	20.15	9.80	6.60			Total (equivalent solid)
											For grain (equivalent solid)
											Total (equivalent solid) less hay
											Other purposes (equivalent solid)
											COWPEAS
											Grown alone
2.10	.80	.65	392,700	326,400	240,500	23.10	9.60	6.17	60	1¼-2 bu.	Interplanted
2.10	.80	.65	1,039,000	787,200	747,500	23.10	9.60	6.17			Total (equivalent solid)
											For grain (equivalent solid)
											Total (equivalent solid) less hay
											Other purposes (equivalent solid)
											PEANUTS
.033	.021	.013	6,860,700	6,786,150	3,592,680	29.70	24.15	12.22	22	10 qts.	Grown alone
.033	.021	.013	6,474,600	6,423,900	3,311,620	29.70	24.15	12.22			Interplanted
											Total (equivalent solid)
											For grain (equivalent solid)
											Other purposes (equivalent solid)
											FRUIT
1.05	.55	.70	2,664,900	2,930,400	1,277,500				48		Apples (agricultural total)
3.15	1.60	2.25	447,300	448,000	267,750						Apples (commercial)
1.35	.65	.95	2,430,200	2,033,200	1,562,750				50		Peaches
1.30	.70	.85	158,600	238,000	84,150				56		Pears
70.00	60.00	45.00	271,600	277,200	154,395				48		Grapes
.277	.182	.160	177,280	191,100	92,000						Pecans
											COMMERCIAL TRUCK FOR MARKET
1.00	1.35	1.00	79,000	94,500	84,000	65.83	94.50	60.00	60		Beans (Lima)
.57	.50	.80	444,600	300,000	345,600	68.40	50.00	64.00	60		Beans (snap), intermediate
.60	.75	.65	16,800	26,250	31,200	33.60	52.50	39.00			Beans (snap), late
.50	.80	.70	30,000	72,000	33,600	100.00	160.00	112.00	50	4-6 lbs.	Beets
44.00	14.00	30.00	211,200	49,000	60,000	263.75	70.00	75.00	50	8-10,000 plants	Cabbage
1.15	.70	.60	60,950	69,300	109,200	98.30	63.00	42.00			Cantaloupes
.50	.15	.25	35,000	13,500	12,500	100.00	45.00	62.50	50		Carrots
.35	.60	.60	383,250	174,000	210,000	52.50	30.00	42.00	48	3 lbs.	Cucumbers
.98	.60	1.75	127,400	120,600	75,250	91.00	80.40	62.70	8	45,000 plants	Lettuce
.44	1.10	.85	172,920	401,500	161,500	36.48	110.00	42.50	60	1½-2 bu.	Peas (green)
.75	.40	1.00	78,750	56,000	90,000	105.00	80.00	180.00			Peppers (green)
.90	.55	.50	17,100	8,800	9,000	213.75	110.00	112.50	10	15 lbs.	Spinach
2.90	2.65	1.80	1,267,300	1,685,400	970,200	234.68	318.00	156.48	48	25,000 plants	Strawberries
2.00	.75	.90	116,000	67,500	121,500	80.00	37.50	45.00	56	4-6,000 plants	Tomatoes
.115	.080	.070	235,980	235,200	116,550	31.05	22.40	12.95		1 lb.	Watermelons



This was a small part of the wheat acreage grown on the Caledonia Prison Farm in Halifax County last year. They proved that good yields could be produced in eastern counties. The land was prepared for seeding to hay crops immediately after the wheat was cut.

UNITED STATES CROPS

CROPS	Unit	Acreage harvested (in thousands)			Yield per acre			Production (in thousands)		
		1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932
Corn.....	Bushels.....	100,793	105,301	107,729	20.4	24.4	27.0	2,059,641	2,567,306	2,908,045
Wheat, winter.....	Bushels.....	39,463	41,357	33,656	15.2	19.0	13.7	599,593	787,393	462,151
Wheat, all.....	Bushels.....	61,140	55,344	55,177	14.0	16.3	13.2	857,427	900,219	726,831
Oats.....	Bushels.....	39,597	39,800	41,224	32.2	28.1	30.1	1,276,035	1,117,970	1,242,437
Barley.....	Bushels.....	12,666	11,419	13,213	24.0	17.4	22.7	303,752	198,389	299,950
Rye.....	Bushels.....	3,543	3,060	3,271	12.8	10.5	12.2	45,481	32,026	39,855
Cotton.....	Bales.....	45,091	40,693	37,589	(a) 147.9	(a) 201.2	(a) 162.1	13,932	17,096	12,727
Cottonseed.....	Tons.....							6,190	7,602	5,659
Hay, all tame.....	Tons.....	52,623	53,879	52,819	1.21	1.21	1.32	63,566	65,058	69,609
All hay.....	Tons.....	66,416	66,138	67,117	1.12	1.11	1.22	74,310	73,436	81,788
Sweet sorghums (b).....	Tons.....	1,818	2,333	2,633	1.48	1.56	1.50	2,698	3,635	3,948
Lespedeza seed.....	Bushels.....	42	73	74	3.07	4.26	3.99	128	311	294
Soybeans (c) (d) (e).....	Bushels.....	1,205	1,285	1,155	13.2	15.0	14.7	15,853	19,211	16,953
Peanuts (d) (e).....	Pounds.....	1,862	2,145	2,421	632	717	580	1,176,700	1,538,790	1,403,050
Cowpeas (c) (d) (e).....	Bushels.....	678	1,020	1,218	8.8	10.3	9.0	5,946	10,484	11,007
Potatoes.....	Bushels.....	3,038	3,375	3,368	109.9	111.2	105.9	333,936	375,310	356,589
Sweet potatoes.....	Bushels.....	649	785	926	81.8	80.3	84.8	53,117	63,043	78,484
Tobacco.....	Pounds.....	2,112	2,016	1,433	780	796	721	1,647,377	1,604,226	1,033,330
Cane syrup.....	Gallons.....	104	103	114	161.9	139.4	159.5	16,834	14,359	18,179
Sorgo syrup.....	Gallons.....	165	259	250	54.0	68.8	60.8	8,916	17,818	15,209
Apples, total.....	Bushels.....							153,324	202,415	(g) 139,156
Apples, commercial.....	Barrels.....							33,529	34,592	28,273
Peaches, total.....	Bushels.....							(g) 54,199	(g) 76,586	(g) 46,267
Pears, total.....	Bushels.....							(g) 25,633	(g) 23,346	(g) 21,981
Grapes, total (g).....	Tons.....							(g) 2,441	(g) 1,662	(g) 2,162
Pecans.....	Pounds.....							51,640	77,800	53,160
Commercial truck crops:										
Beans, snap (h).....	Tons.....	189.3	168.4	150.0	1.13	1.11	1.17	(g) 213	(g) 187	(g) 175
Cantaloupes.....	Crates.....	129.0	138.3	135.0	124	130	127	15,939	17,998	17,096
Cucumbers (i).....	Bushels.....	56.6	52.1	44.7	109	94	73	(g) 6,194	(g) 4,809	(g) 3,232
Lettuce.....	Crates.....	172.6	175.1	162.3	113	111	109	19,591	19,466	(g) 17,715
Potatoes, early.....	Bushels.....	325.1	346.8	276.5	135	133	121	43,859	46,093	33,495
Strawberries (h).....	Crates.....	175.7	152.4	192.4	54.3	74.3	70.5	9,534	11,322	13,574
Tomatoes (h).....	Tons.....	564.3	455.8	438.5	3.95	3.17	3.73	(g) 2,231	(g) 1,446	(g) 1,656
Watermelons.....	Number.....	235.5	238.8	232.8	350	316	260	(g) 82,401	(g) 75,509	(g) 60,520

(a) Pounds. (b) Not included in tame hay. (c) Total except hay. (d) Including crop grazed or hogged off in the Southern States. (e) Including acres planted in corn in the South reduced to equivalent solid acres. (f) Includes some quantities not harvested. (g) Production is the total for fresh fruit, juice, and raisins. (h) Includes production used for canning or manufacture. (i) Does not include estimates of cucumbers grown for pickles.

PIG SURVEY

STATES	Sows Farrowed				Sows Bred for Spring Farrowing				Swine Over 6 Months Compared All Swine December 1, 1931	Pigs Saved				Average Number Pigs Saved Per Litter		All Swine (including Pigs) January 1, 1932 (Numbers)
	Fall 1931 Compared		Fall 1932 Compared		Spring 1932 Compared		Spring 1933 Compared Spring 1932	Fall		Spring						
	Fall 1930	Spring 1931	Fall 1931	Spring 1932	Spring 1931	Swine 6 mo. +		1931 Compared 1930		1932 Compared 1931	1931 Compared 1930	1932 Compared 1931				
	%	%	%	%	%	%		%		%	%	%	No.	No.		
Virginia.....	99.5	105.8	121.4	97.1	122.3	21.2	105.0	50.9	103.9	115.0	81.9	110.0	6.3	6.3	551,000	
NORTH CAROLINA.....	111.2	119.5	107.5	98.9	134.1	20.8	100.0	50.3	110.6	104.0	100.3	113.0	5.9	5.8	905,000	
South Carolina.....	113.8	127.2	109.7	80.0	136.8	22.1	105.0	47.7	114.8	107.0	123.9	110.0	5.5	5.7	580,000	
Georgia.....	101.9	110.7	102.7	73.5	134.9	15.9	102.0	59.1	100.6	103.0	100.4	113.0	5.7	5.7	1,390,000	
Tennessee.....	115.4	140.2	120.2	96.2	148.0	19.6	115.0	47.8	117.5	118.0	85.6	132.0	6.3	6.3	1,075,000	
North Atlantic.....	116.0	116.9	105.1	97.2	135.0	29.7	94.0	45.2	115.8	101.0	91.4	100.0	6.4	6.3	1,171,000	
South Atlantic.....	103.9	115.5	108.7	87.4	134.5	18.7	104.0	54.1	103.7	106.0	98.5	110.0	5.8	5.8	4,267,000	
Corn Belt.....	121.5	49.4	102.8	48.1	105.5	26.8	102.0	58.1	121.0	104.0	103.7	94.0	6.2	5.8	42,689,000	
South Central.....	113.4	125.3	115.5	89.5	153.8	22.1	107.0	50.6	119.2	113.0	90.5	117.0	5.9	5.9	8,613,000	
United States Average.....	119.5	62.5	104.5	55.9	112.7	26.2	102.0	56.2	119.7	104.0	102.5	93.0	6.08	5.79	59,511,000	

The pig survey presents the situation as regards the spring and fall crops of pigs. Even the spring farrowing intentions for 1933 are shown. Thus one may judge whether to market early or late—depending on the prevailing prices at the desired selling time.

NORTH CAROLINA LIVESTOCK

The report on 1933 livestock is not released until late in February. North Carolina figures only are shown below as a consequence.

Type of Livestock	Numbers of Livestock on Farms January 1 (000 Omitted)		
	1931	1932	1933
All Horses.....	81	77	75
All Mules.....	276	270	265
All Cattle.....	532	548	581
Cows and Heifers for milk.....	299	306	321
Heifers 1-2 yrs., for milk.....	64	66	66
All Swine.....	838	905	996
Total Sheep and Lambs.....	90	91	92



These vegetables illustrate a few of the crops which may be grown in North Carolina next summer. Now is the time to plan for these. Deep preparation and plenty of manure is essential for quality and quantity production.

PRICES PAID TO NORTH CAROLINA PRODUCERS FOR FARM PRODUCTS

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This Table shows quarterly, and monthly comparisons for farm prices. These prices are those paid to farmers and NOT retail prices

DATES	GENERAL FARM CROP PRICES PER UNIT SHOWN													HAY CROPS		
	Corn bu.	Wheat bu.	Oats bu.	Barley bu.	Rye bu.	Cotton lint lbs.	Cotton-Seed tons	Tobacco lbs.	Soy-Beans bu.	Cow-peas bu.	Pea-nuts lbs.	Irish Potatoes bu.	Sweet Potatoes bu.	All Tame loose tons	Timothy loose tons	Clover loose tons
January.....1923	\$.93	\$ 1.35	\$.68	-----	\$ 1.18	¢ 25.8	\$ 46.10	¢ 26.6	-----	-----	-----	\$.99	\$.74	\$ 19.95	\$ 24.50	\$ 22.40
April.....	1.06	1.46	.75	-----	1.28	28.8	54.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.24	.95	20.15	24.40	21.40
July.....	1.20	1.42	.71	-----	1.27	25.4	46.90	22.5	-----	-----	-----	1.14	1.00	20.45	22.70	21.00
October.....	1.20	1.26	.27	-----	1.26	27.4	40.60	21.5	-----	-----	-----	1.30	1.07	20.20	24.50	18.00
January.....1924	1.05	1.31	.79	-----	1.19	32.6	46.50	19.8	-----	2.20	6.5	1.25	1.00	20.50	21.50	21.80
April.....	1.11	1.30	.79	-----	1.30	30.0	40.00	-----	-----	2.50	6.5	1.30	1.34	21.00	22.90	22.00
July.....	1.15	1.33	.75	-----	1.25	28.0	39.00	-----	-----	2.90	6.2	1.30	1.40	21.00	-----	19.50
October.....	1.35	1.45	.83	-----	1.49	23.0	35.00	23.9	-----	-----	-----	.95	1.17	20.50	18.00	-----
January.....1925	1.46	1.88	.85	-----	1.56	22.8	40.00	21.1	-----	-----	-----	1.04	1.20	21.00	-----	-----
April.....	1.42	1.72	.79	-----	1.51	23.0	42.00	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.01	1.59	21.00	21.30	17.50
July.....	1.51	1.70	.75	-----	1.43	23.1	33.50	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.38	1.39	19.50	-----	20.00
October.....	1.25	1.67	.75	-----	1.57	20.2	33.70	26.4	-----	-----	-----	1.68	1.63	20.20	-----	20.00
January.....1926	1.06	1.90	.74	-----	1.44	18.4	35.50	18.6	-----	-----	-----	2.58	1.36	20.00	24.00	22.00
April.....	1.08	1.81	.74	-----	1.40	17.6	38.40	-----	-----	-----	-----	3.50	1.55	22.30	28.00	23.70
July.....	1.07	1.54	.65	-----	1.30	16.6	36.00	-----	-----	3.48	6.0	1.70	1.70	20.50	26.00	20.10
October.....	.97	1.37	.70	-----	1.22	12.3	24.10	26.7	-----	-----	4.0	1.45	1.00	18.30	24.50	22.80
January.....1927	.83	1.42	.66	-----	1.20	11.6	23.00	20.9	-----	-----	-----	1.70	1.00	18.50	24.00	23.00
April.....	.84	1.39	.68	1.20	1.15	13.2	21.70	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.80	1.15	19.00	25.00	22.00
July.....	.98	1.42	.67	1.10	1.10	15.5	30.00	-----	1.70	1.70	5.6	1.75	1.25	19.00	22.00	22.00
October.....	1.01	1.43	.70	1.19	1.29	20.5	37.80	22.8	1.44	1.63	4.2	1.20	.85	18.50	20.00	20.00
January.....1928	.89	1.44	.74	1.25	1.32	19.0	38.50	19.1	1.43	1.63	5.7	1.25	.80	17.50	22.00	20.50
April.....	1.03	1.65	.81	1.22	1.38	19.1	43.00	-----	1.74	1.84	5.4	1.55	1.05	17.40	19.70	19.00
July.....	1.22	1.59	.84	1.33	1.44	21.4	42.00	-----	1.86	2.13	6.2	.75	1.00	18.00	21.00	21.00
October.....	1.17	1.45	.78	1.42	1.46	18.3	35.00	20.5	1.79	1.88	4.9	.85	1.10	17.20	19.70	19.00
January.....1929	1.09	1.49	.79	1.33	1.47	18.6	42.00	16.3	1.95	2.30	5.1	.90	.95	18.10	21.50	20.20
April.....	1.19	1.52	.78	1.34	1.41	19.0	40.00	-----	2.16	3.01	4.9	.90	1.15	18.30	20.30	20.60
July.....	1.24	1.29	.71	1.13	1.29	13.3	35.00	13.9	2.40	3.55	4.6	1.00	1.20	17.60	22.50	20.30
October.....	1.18	1.42	.74	1.25	1.37	17.8	30.00	19.9	1.73	2.33	4.3	1.10	1.00	17.50	20.50	18.80
January.....1930	.98	1.39	.73	1.23	1.34	16.3	26.00	16.8	1.78	2.46	3.4	1.25	.90	17.00	19.20	18.40
April.....	1.05	1.34	.74	1.27	1.34	15.2	28.00	-----	2.04	3.13	3.0	1.50	1.05	17.90	20.50	19.50
July.....	1.11	1.09	.67	1.05	1.14	12.5	26.00	-----	2.11	3.28	3.1	1.10	1.15	17.90	21.20	19.00
October.....	1.06	1.10	.68	1.16	1.25	9.4	21.00	14.9	1.60	2.36	4.7	1.10	.95	18.90	21.00	22.50
January.....1931	.75	1.01	.58	.98	1.14	8.9	21.50	10.7	1.53	2.05	3.0	1.05	.85	17.10	22.00	20.00
April.....	.77	1.00	.61	.93	1.05	9.7	24.98	-----	1.65	1.93	3.6	1.16	.92	18.61	24.40	22.27
July.....	.76	.74	.46	.66	.95	8.8	20.28	-----	1.43	1.84	3.5	.71	.95	16.31	17.22	17.36
October.....	.51	.66	.37	.58	.68	5.6	8.07	9.9	.92	1.00	1.6	.65	.58	13.25	15.29	16.78
January.....1932	.38	.74	.36	.63	.68	6.1	11.16	6.1	.69	.78	1.7	.58	.56	12.50	17.42	15.91
February.....	.37	.71	.36	.60	.65	6.3	10.90	5.0	.66	.74	-----	.60	.55	12.15	17.82	16.35
March.....	.38	.72	.39	.57	.65	6.7	11.51	6.9	.69	.82	-----	.62	.59	12.49	16.47	13.73
April.....	.38	.73	.37	.54	.61	6.1	10.43	7.5	.68	.73	1.5	.75	.56	11.43	13.30	13.00
May.....	.38	.71	.37	.60	.63	5.4	10.60	8.6	.66	.74	1.2	.70	.60	11.80	15.50	14.00
June.....	.38	.71	.34	-----	.62	5.1	10.00	6.7	.63	.72	1.3	.70	.65	11.80	15.50	14.00
July.....	.40	.59	.33	.47	.59	5.4	10.00	7.1	.65	.70	1.3	.65	.65	11.80	15.00	14.00
August.....	.43	.63	.33	.46	.59	6.8	10.50	11.8	.57	.70	1.6	.70	.75	11.10	14.00	14.00
September.....	.46	.68	.35	.53	.58	7.3	12.70	10.9	.56	.65	2.0	.60	.50	11.70	13.50	14.70
October.....	.47	.70	.35	.54	.64	6.7	11.80	11.1	.49	.76	1.8	.60	.50	12.00	13.90	14.90
November.....	.46	.68	.37	.54	.64	6.5	11.70	11.9	.53	.70	1.7	.60	.41	11.70	14.50	15.30
December.....	.45	.68	.36	.54	.63	5.9	10.70	10.8	.49	.59	1.1	.60	.38	10.90	13.50	14.40

DATES	FRUIT		LIVESTOCK (live weight)						LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCTS PER UNIT SHOWN									
	Apples		Hogs per 100 lbs.	Beef Cattle per 100 lbs.	Veal Calves per 100 lbs.	Sheep per 100 lbs.	Lambs per 100 lbs.	Milk Cows per head	Horses per head	Mules per head	Butter lb.	Milk qt.	Eggs doz.	Chickens live lb.	Turkeys live lb.	Wool (Unwashed) lb.		
	Bu.	Bbl.																
January.....1923	\$ 1.45	\$ 4.38	\$ 10.20	\$ 5.30	\$ 6.80	\$ 6.70	\$ 8.10	\$ 44.00	\$112.00	-----	\$.36	-----	\$.42	¢ 20.5	\$.31	\$.31		
April.....	1.79	5.98	9.40	5.20	6.40	5.20	8.20	42.00	114.00	-----	.37	-----	.22	21.0	-----	.31		
July.....	1.54	4.16	9.20	5.10	6.50	5.60	8.90	43.40	110.00	-----	.37	-----	.27	25.0	-----	.33		
October.....	1.14	4.00	10.10	5.10	6.50	7.80	8.80	43.40	105.00	-----	.35	-----	.33	20.8	-----	.33		
January.....1924	1.64	4.40	9.20	5.00	6.80	6.60	8.20	42.00	102.00	-----	.40	.11	.34	19.0	-----	.29		
April.....	1.87	5.50	9.20	5.00	7.00	6.70	8.50	43.10	100.00	-----	.36	.15	.20	19.0	-----	.36		
July.....	1.00	4.00	9.50	5.30	6.90	6.00	9.50	46.00	104.00	-----	.36	.12	.26	23.0	-----	.35		
October.....	.85	3.00	10.40	5.20	7.80	6.50	10.20	45.00	100.00	-----	.37	-----	.39	22.0	-----	.36		
January.....1925	1.30	4.00	10.90	5.60	7.90	6.50	10.00	43.00	92.00	-----	.38	-----	.43	20.0	-----	.30		
April.....	1.10	5.90	11.00	5.70	7.30	7.40	11.10	42.70	97.00	-----	.38	-----	.25	21.0	-----	.38		
July.....	1.26	4.00	11.10	5.50	7.20	6.00	9.80	45.80	95.00	-----	.34	-----	.27	24.0	-----	.37		
October.....	1.15	4.00	11.80	5.70	9.00	7.00	10.90	50.20	88.00	-----	.38	-----	.38	22.0	-----	.38		
January.....1926	1.58	5.30	12.00	4.90	8.30	6.20	10.00	45.10	73.00	104.00	.40	.10	.41	20.0	-----	.30		
April.....	-----	-----	12.00	5.30	8.80	8.00	11.60	49.00	82.00	116.00	.38	.12	.27	22.0	-----	.36		
July.....	1.00	5.00	13.00	6.30	8.30	7.60	11.60	50.00	82.00	114.00	.37	.11	.29	26.0	-----	.36		
October.....	.70	2.70	12.70	5.90	8.60	7.50	10.30	50.00	78.00	105.00	.37	.11	.37	22.0	-----	.36		

DISTRICTS AND COUNTIES	All Acres in Farm Tract		Cultivated Acres				Lying Out Idle		Plowable Pasture Cleared Land	Timber Land with Usable Sized Trees	Tobacco		Cotton		C
			By Owners		By Tenants										
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931
DISTRICT 1—Alleghany.....	137,779	124,926	16,785	14,133	7,345	6,778	9,072	12,208	56,443	21,429	68	11	3		7,012
Ashe.....	251,042	237,232	34,433	33,745	11,347	11,964	29,200	15,046	106,456	34,043	117	67	1		17,875
Avery.....	96,514	91,318	12,974	17,629	1,825	2,505	7,124	7,846	12,732	22,111	6	9		15	4,181
Caldwell.....	172,296	167,387	19,429	23,471	10,392	6,367	16,192	17,766	16,891	47,090	590	316	307	234	14,611
Surry.....	253,314	246,915	43,674	43,734	27,319	25,766	16,510	17,513	12,451	93,624	12,653	7,973			31,580
Watauga.....	191,908	125,095	20,857	21,629	5,509	5,113	6,349	4,620	35,634	24,279	118	64		17	8,590
Wilkes.....	404,018	387,042	56,016	52,111	19,466	18,979	24,177	40,746	22,387	158,317	769	263	193	80	39,423
Yadkin.....	163,495	183,890	31,123	35,146	20,160	21,230	10,313	22,438	6,076	59,799	7,688	6,116	485	407	18,813
Northern Mountain (NW.)	1,670,366	1,563,805	235,291	241,598	103,363	98,702	118,937	138,153	269,070	460,692	22,009	14,819	989	753	142,085
DISTRICT 4—Buncombe.....	207,459	213,706	27,314	27,444	14,216	10,095	18,385	41,225	37,797	72,093	1,340	849		28	18,638
Burke.....	148,835	164,095	25,553	23,799	7,823	9,879	4,266	10,593	5,045	89,650	38	45	1,547	1,194	15,418
Cherokee.....	224,078	190,694	18,817	15,589	9,433	9,483	8,957	7,538	3,252	82,613	32	54	6		19,521
Clay.....	53,554	48,457	7,881	9,136	5,275	4,035	3,873	5,328	4,642	10,544	34	34			7,365
Graham.....	28,798	42,250	6,684	5,007	242	822	1,719	2,799	187	15,160	12	23			4,118
Haywood.....	243,943	167,810	17,827	19,669	11,295	9,835	9,586	23,431	56,336	48,243	800	653	16	14	13,545
Henderson.....	118,736	103,717	19,579	20,073	5,091	5,263	20,323	15,742	19,137	27,213	49	39			14,264
Jackson.....	122,615	112,464	14,156	14,485	4,740	4,113	11,189	12,282	18,944	17,386	36	31			10,192
McDowell.....	126,913	118,888	10,569	12,540	6,750	6,953	6,034	8,209	12,485	66,255	48	48	2	88	9,930
Macon.....	112,959	153,812	15,270	19,999	3,612	4,146	5,940	15,871	11,346	81,901	34	44		1	10,924
Madison.....	217,515	168,820	21,444	25,545	13,334	15,028	17,199	35,326		50,086	3,873	2,712	40		15,082
Mitche11.....	87,374	99,940	18,138	17,334	3,054	3,612	11,980	9,509	11,354	29,795	180	123	3	1	7,785
Polk.....	87,203	72,271	9,660	11,356	9,979	10,712	7,063	3,511	2,640	16,072	50	11	6,966	6,217	8,362
Rutherford.....	265,325	259,584	43,104	39,724	40,061	41,863	5,218	30,460	9,098	80,788	69	71	33,003	26,645	31,450
Swain.....	77,946	92,934	9,131	7,914	1,261	3,941	5,519	11,413	9,664	32,961	13	47		16	7,466
Transylvania.....	47,543	57,978	9,200	7,220	2,472	2,649	1,573	8,099	2,238	13,764	23	13			5,700
Yancey.....	117,055	119,734	17,718	16,150	7,132	7,204	19,566	17,453	27,318	50,683	908	645	12		9,971
Western Mountain (W.)	2,287,851	2,187,154	292,405	292,984	145,770	149,633	158,390	258,789	231,481	785,507	7,539	5,442	41,595	34,204	209,731
DISTRICT 2—Alamance.....	225,933	223,657	41,120	45,423	20,270	22,543	17,029	27,448	10,349	42,588	6,564	4,593	1,563	1,608	24,351
Caswell.....	195,773	223,752	17,042	21,359	25,531	26,120	17,152	18,913	20,398	52,758	10,723	10,721	121	310	15,682
Durham.....	132,933	121,404	11,876	14,222	13,770	14,172	8,489	9,841	2,697	36,819	5,215	3,526	661	859	10,491
Forsyth.....	193,263	204,263	35,821	39,059	20,870	25,680	29,755	27,241	7,575	86,916	7,048	5,049	491	442	20,012
Franklin.....	230,286	232,244	28,478	28,066	48,180	49,586	15,671	18,959	4,668	69,114	14,328	9,778	21,907	24,046	28,747
Granville.....	274,131	292,877	25,221	31,494	26,590	32,690	26,316	25,142		111,403	16,190	14,395	1,649	3,012	23,922
Guilford.....	258,996	253,541	52,927	64,599	24,518	17,350	28,988	30,746	29,852	58,698	10,228	8,511	677	1,024	25,960
Orange.....	178,006	173,458	26,518	28,687	14,658	16,171	10,951	11,532	4,186	38,205	3,281	2,849	1,471	1,538	18,180
Person.....	235,563	224,082	20,950	22,230	33,707	31,155	21,346	24,045	13,238	62,519	16,483	13,063	12	27	24,582
Rockingham.....	286,188	290,685	33,572	36,329	37,805	34,376	10,817	30,166	21,673	79,238	17,339	13,632		15	28,256
Stokes.....	221,035	234,992	33,203	30,414	28,848	29,771	15,493	31,330	6,853	77,287	14,469	10,966	28	8	21,511
Vance.....	173,261	144,221	19,603	18,114	22,979	22,877	11,843	14,413	1,858	47,062	13,184	8,611	5,651	7,212	15,561
Warren.....	222,232	204,175	27,356	30,512	34,775	40,787	27,380	13,465	9,350	39,611	5,952	4,010	22,969	23,734	21,176
Northern Piedmont (N.)	2,828,200	2,823,351	373,687	410,508	352,501	363,228	241,230	283,241	132,697	802,218	141,539	109,704	57,200	63,835	278,456
DISTRICT 5—Alexander.....	126,977	136,358	28,822	27,626	10,784	9,692	7,687	10,528	6,227	44,941	1,174	557	4,291	4,274	12,572
Catawba.....	206,274	202,784	46,077	52,354	27,883	22,800	17,356	18,072	12,379	44,171	157	59	19,590	14,844	20,575
Chatham.....	317,352	303,011	41,746	48,815	21,201	20,076	20,583	33,532	5,103	78,120	3,444	2,128	5,524	6,868	28,227
Davidson.....	359,326	257,469	59,815	59,009	20,692	20,431	31,697	28,696	12,998	69,564	4,858	3,147	3,493	2,775	22,522
Davie.....	147,148	130,187	22,292	19,888	24,942	26,025	11,469	13,013	6,965	32,693	1,228	444	7,403	6,678	15,385
Iredell.....	287,437	282,971	65,083	65,354	42,243	51,178	33,548	32,948	27,787	64,676	887	516	31,076	26,769	30,850
Lee.....	126,601	111,996	17,712	15,801	15,234	16,032	3,788	8,350	1,271	38,306	4,773	3,428	8,227	7,073	12,531
Randolph.....	333,568	343,814	61,053	63,630	18,537	16,053	26,776	23,421	15,756	115,627	3,420	2,124	1,224	1,271	30,080
Rowan.....	236,556	255,749	57,455	63,729	39,280	47,157	13,687	21,388	9,729	71,914	52	113	23,059	21,601	22,151
Wake.....	433,143	463,158	54,084	66,784	68,735	68,844	27,399	37,322	4,468	131,044	28,346	17,582	22,932	26,878	46,298
Central Piedmont (C.)	2,574,382	2,487,497	449,139	482,993	289,531	298,288	193,990	227,270	102,683	691,076	48,339	30,098	126,819	119,031	241,200
DISTRICT 8—Anson.....	278,424	291,190	32,482	31,886	63,969	68,871	8,433	12,884	3,697	53,817	59	22	47,308	43,845	27,331
Cabarrus.....	167,971	191,679	31,693	33,770	37,472	51,160	12,253	20,094	11,876	38,519	107	40	21,851	20,937	20,361
Cleveland.....	262,232	265,475	46,661	45,991	87,330	84,654	16,717	16,7							

Wheat		Oats for Grain		Rye for Grain		Peanuts for Nuts		Barley for Grain		Japan and Sweet Clover		Cowpeas for Peas				Soybeans for Beans				DISTRICTS AND COUNTIES	
												Grown alone		Grown with Corn		Grown alone		Grown with Corn			
1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932		
842	656	1,737	1,641	4,098	3,702	2		85	246	115	15	12	7	44	67	63					Alleghany—District 1
3,356	3,242	3,823	3,554	6,995	5,275		16	93	68	7		2	1	145	22	168					Ashe
240	179	1,407	1,664	966	1,508		1	7	10	10		17	3	90							Avery
5,655	4,906	1,138	1,042	1,849	1,896	42	80	226	245	532	675	264	531	672	346	317	355				Caldwell
12,957	10,040	2,893	1,768	4,985	3,941	23	99	157	4,227	990	2,130	177	464	339	339	77	70				Surry
792	591	2,751	2,474	2,396	1,743			60	36	4		8	12	9							Watauga
11,569	10,475	1,695	1,248	8,017	5,820	66	136	80	2,006	2,108	2,702	414	794	1,229	743	550	541				Wilkes
9,646	11,244	2,458	2,973	2,856	3,329	104	171	502	2,052	1,527	2,829	134	321	369	434	75	73				Yadkin
44,957	41,333	17,902	16,364	32,162	27,214	237	503	1,210	8,890	5,293	8,368	1,004	2,129	2,812	2,050	1,253	1,120				Northern Mountain (NW.)
3,421	3,839	4,054	3,263	2,204	2,269	7	19	41	537	75	244	15	177	336	404	138	103				Buncombe—District 4
7,242	6,639	847	802	1,908	1,940	91	194	157	685	1,027	1,485	116	556	561	511	156	288				Burke
146	240	365	320	2,402	2,948	2	1	7	70	274	203	438	1,929	112	149	332	606				Cherokee
1,113	1,453	220	79	1,496	1,705	28	13	7	198	380	698	215	360	103	82	60	121				Clay
		17	28	948	731				56	14	23	25	338		7		31				Graham
2,057	1,964	3,012	3,164	1,392	1,338		9	50	21	48	33	27	65	196	122	129	137				Haywood
709	919	553	441	2,843	3,646	7	14	5	763	92	279	68	117	86	193	49	47				Henderson
588	1,017	1,044	689	887	1,165			14	79	36	44	20	117	48	81	36	58				Jackson
1,795	2,013	339	410	1,249	1,651	1	18	23	428	65	304	27	145	859	1,433	319	635				McDowell
1,276	2,025	1,010	910	1,789	2,257	4	12	4	274	1,251	466	255	211	239	461	261	187				Macon
2,387	4,732	4,476	2,793	559	1,418				54	16	111	16	22	50	63	25	35				Madison
614	524	3,242	3,541	246	323				72	1		3	4	14	52	19	15				Mitchell
735	1,643	630	867	627	1,239	33	18	33	115	166	440	117	219	141	100	69	119				Polk
5,471	7,830	3,146	3,498	1,467	1,890	130	203	99	344	768	1,599	512	1,420	601	610	1,090	910				Rutherford
140	221	313	286	384	591	4	27		15	2	174	142	383	53	101	20	56				Swain
23	77	62	63	1,268	1,486				151	18	17	33	13	35	99	7	34				Transylvania
954	1,314	3,635	2,768	725	1,199		13	2	165	20	51	8	49	24			43				Yancey
28,671	36,450	26,955	23,922	22,694	27,796	307	543	442	4,027	4,253	6,231	2,029	6,084	3,483	4,492	2,710	3,425				Western Mountain (W.)
10,242	8,549	2,806	3,986	2,209	2,182	99	113	871	3,381	212	595	43	113	203	217	62	58				Alamance—District 2
6,523	8,549	1,058	1,096	917	822	40	23	45	869	560	612	161	438	96	79	13	77				Casswell
2,406	3,504	781	804	212	33	30	23	38	195	318	337	137	283	79	110	47	82				Durham
9,649	9,754	5,122	6,711	1,621	1,421	50	24	953	2,118	944	701	56	202	276	200	24	45				Forsyth
1,777	3,102	1,778	1,889	1,330	595	69	198	132	1,978	444	1,686	693	2,112	663	328	698	380				Franklin
4,760	8,392	1,510	1,469	849	3,079	23	67	25	78	123	307	42	174	140	105	67	117				Granville
12,748	12,483	3,330	4,452	3,043	3,069	32	72	1,269	3,731	442	676	225	1,565	132	352	28	343				Guilford
8,021	8,582	1,468	1,420	642	715	13	19	292	703	293	267	49	144	380	61	76	24				Orange
6,495	8,633	1,785	1,751	253	274	5	39	45	1,131	270	902	201	1,204	88	99	174	152				Person
10,516	10,016	2,588	2,172	3,304	2,739	37	71	144	1,354	1,043	1,468	202	780	897	315	77	115				Rockingham
10,910	11,676	1,962	1,603	3,467	3,244	23	24	330	1,781	369	936	58	270	111	68	15	22				Stokes
997	2,577	545	701	317	186	12	69	59	105	125	314	113	297	149	105	319	250				Vance
2,336	5,306	1,528	2,180	418	336	829	332	17	625	1,111	3,365	208	1,217	165	310	99	159				Warren
87,380	102,909	26,261	30,234	18,582	16,243	1,285	1,077	4,220	16,568	6,234	12,166	2,188	8,799	3,379	2,349	1,699	1,824				Northern Piedmont (N.)
7,697	8,025	778	832	2,497	2,453	98	204	120	1,861	807	1,275	131	291	355	584	58	82				Alexander—District 5
13,381	14,691	4,221	4,869	2,067	2,516	372	343	915	2,171	1,690	1,728	612	1,077	475	166	218	137				Catawba
13,533	14,388	2,711	3,858	685	1,170	38	110	1,257	3,301	518	851	225	706	457	327	65	165				Chatham
19,350	16,079	3,635	5,375	1,585	2,679	279	230	3,335	3,248	1,211	1,400	252	470	981	528	286	127				Davidson
7,727	7,733	2,872	3,816	1,376	2,028	80	69	998	4,293	556	930	284	292	432	351	130	87				Davie
15,769	19,874	5,960	6,807	2,841	3,986	224	264	778	8,835	2,692	2,847	1,105	2,719	1,094	597	273	237				Iredell
1,532	2,277	1,833	1,703	145	320	44	66	55	152	529	931	347	622	398	286	118	78				Lee
15,909	17,464	3,214	5,042	1,746	2,109	85	133	2,458	5,377	460	550	299	304	216	371	90	126				Randolph
15,089	19,973	8,378	10,548	911	2,085	261	401	1,559	13,237	1,651	2,207	848	881	980	551	529	171				Rowan
4,444	7,189	4,978	6,095	966	949	238	445	111	349	1,293	2,766	1,607	5,931	1,344	824	1,273	1,503				Wake
120,512	127,693	38,580	48,945	14,819	20,295	1,718	2,265	11,589	42,824	11,407	15,485	5,710	13,983	6,932	4,585	3,040	2,713				Central Piedmont (C.)
5,067	7,626	10,798	13,254	526	534	177	68	138	4,640	296	695	742	2,954	179	265	3,385	4,056				Anson—District 8
8,785	12,213	6,625	9,182	439	646	161	260	536	10,105	843	949	773	801	587	338	1,133	1,032				Cabarrus
7,316	10,840	7,816	7,999	640	465	83	68	513	164	278	745	317	381	116	90	115	126				Cleveland
5,443	7,469	4,274	4,843	574	583	201	216	593	1,030	1,243	1,029	1,082	2,442	277	141	171	97				Gaston
9,123	10,863	2,614	3,299	653	886	172	201	721	2,207	584	924	295	630	311	143	43	100				Lincoln
3,395	6,577	5,099	7,597	364	490	119	175	660	3,204	1,415	1,815	1,614	2,757	596	329	418	393				Mecklenburg
9,556	7,134	2,737	3,646	381	414	93	90	497	2,443	554	439	368	501	377	160	242	84				Montgomery
8,998	9,262	2,499	3,267	834	1,326	58	87	763	1,069	699	1,257	569	2,085	425	353	221	84				Moore
2,462	4,085	4,212	4,955	784	1,123	59	238	295	375	656	1,327	2,912	2,766	268	174	597	189				Richmond
19,323	23,252	5,668	6,640	325	917	71	77	1,474	16,831	576	570	603	953	196	161	370	297				Stanly
9,794	15,237	11,585	16,167	384	340	63	245	81	19,629	784	1,122	682	2,139	215	113	2,335	4,364				Union
86,892	114,498	64,200	80,859	5,904	7,724	1,257	1,725	6,271	61,697	7,927	10,872	9,957	18,409	3,547	2,267	9,035	10,822				Southern Piedmont (S.)
129	27	528	219	85	140	34,065	34,118	90	80	202	307	497	290	1,045	1,257	1,905	2,492				Bertie—District 3
22	25	374	130	14	21	130	237			29	93	3	35	10,643	9,955	420	356				Camden
33	79	269	114	45	79	12,576	12,429	72	42	506	102	186	269	2,037	1,873	4,066	5,494				Chowan
36	6	304	225	89	120	37	42		6	220	110	197	24	7,117	6,757	778	99				Currituck
6	6	43	43		14	14															

10 1931-1932 FARM SURVEY, CROP ACRES AND

DISTRICTS AND COUNTIES		Cowpeas for Hay		Soybeans for Hay		Mixed Hays		Small Grains Cut Green		All Clovers for Hay		Other Grasses and Hays		Irish Potatoes		Sweet Potatoes		Other Commercial Truck	
		1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932
District 1—Allegheny	7	22	32	21	3,630	5,061	37	385	673	5,276	4,175	607	395	14	17	1,075	924	306	375
Ashe	13	26	23	10,466	10,371	4,867	27	409	452	3,556	5,129	964	1,904	12	21	306	375	306	375
Avery	380	30	61	1,006	4,850	4,867	17	265	344	657	712	1,005	1,300	12	8	336	317	336	317
Caldwell	1,163	1,989	1,130	1,130	609	533	309	175	151	568	766	1,037	1,983	634	613	694	693	401	221
Surry	375	1,989	44	4,867	5,714	7,134	7	1,126	653	982	1,037	1,037	2,341	19	23	1,377	1,152	1,377	1,152
Watauga	692	1,517	2,013	2,013	206	327	135	1,104	978	854	1,447	1,662	1,558	806	813	410	610	410	214
Wilkes	1,074	1,698	1,110	1,110	327	168	156	1,229	1,229	1,229	1,229	1,229	1,229	303	403	494	412	494	412
Yadkin	2,509	6,421	6,402	25,832	28,389	28,389	899	5,992	4,776	16,135	22,696	9,853	8,646	2,294	2,461	4,779	4,518	4,779	4,518
District 2—Buncombe	88	460	847	5,617	6,337	6,337	985	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	1,789	212	151	410	214
Barke	913	1,133	812	578	544	537	216	142	487	314	285	1,288	1,085	1,085	1,294	410	446	512	379
Cherokee	119	882	349	157	768	680	101	101	108	88	178	1,548	977	846	293	316	273	379	38
Cherokee	5	102	41	390	925	80	38	63	111	444	230	206	206	206	108	85	3	20	20
Clay	7	3	2	390	2,107	1,791	103	388	673	1,178	2,565	1,716	1,338	57	82	230	161	992	992
Graham	140	130	567	2,107	446	446	49	363	353	509	3,689	1,716	1,338	150	181	1,021	992	992	992
Haywood	455	890	890	254	1,462	1,462	172	167	167	863	699	665	407	887	714	206	520	1,492	1,492
Jackson	111	124	437	425	2,020	1,99	43	107	125	125	199	286	1,016	1,016	887	217	217	429	429
Madison	34	105	1,599	1,126	101	647	106	61	1,443	1,443	4,029	1,257	1,001	1,045	181	210	1,045	150	150
McDowell	56	512	512	723	667	647	102	159	343	750	1,257	679	757	185	185	210	128	128	128
Macon	174	313	147	218	3,690	162	162	25	1,708	1,708	1,708	1,708	1,708	37	53	184	110	110	110
Madison	46	59	109	118	4,037	3,909	131	25	941	1,507	2,266	1,507	1,507	737	732	252	373	373	373
Mitchell	143	519	512	456	67	138	59	51	13	230	296	271	271	271	742	742	1,211	1,211	1,211
Pike	583	812	459	701	215	232	232	90	90	152	459	649	668	643	431	135	158	82	82
Rutherford	20	25	61	94	346	333	53	41	100	157	591	129	408	431	135	42	42	42	42
Swain	27	68	98	181	181	181	53	265	184	184	129	256	505	510	510	29	29	75	75
Transylvania	5	25	8	8	4,294	4,294	61	239	992	1,043	1,125	992	992	1,111	1,111	55	55	115	115
Taney	7	149	7,676	7,153	21,461	21,576	61	8,992	8,992	2,368	17,777	17,777	17,777	14,531	12,799	5,234	5,455	5,423	5,447
District 2—Allegheny	619	1,737	6,018	6,537	345	344	562	613	8,992	8,992	18,052	17,777	14,531	12,799	5,234	5,455	5,423	5,447	5,447
Casswell	1,457	3,341	1,977	706	191	334	562	613	8,992	8,992	18,052	17,777	14,531	12,799	5,234	5,455	5,423	5,447	5,447
Durham	857	1,174	1,243	771	117	334	562	613	8,992	8,992	18,052	17,777	14,531	12,799	5,234	5,455	5,423	5,447	5,447
Forsyth	882	2,772	3,610	665	665	665	599	714	4,042	4,457	1,698	2,283	807	736	615	742	1,847	2,015	2,015
Franklin	649	850	1,601	1,183	1,183	1,183	304	304	810	758	384	283	152	200	682	715	349	665	665
Franklin	677	2,980	1,206	1,600	332	481	446	446	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698
Granville	677	2,980	1,206	1,600	332	481	446	446	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698	1,698
Guilford	1,358	3,147	6,589	780	780	780	705	705	786	786	312	2,557	2,680	2,45	654	654	1,154	1,458	1,458
Orange	420	1,627	2,766	3,474	173	173	156	156	1,132	955	539	680	245	250	334	358	61	53	53
Person	807	1,387	2,622	784	231	341	444	444	1,782	1,782	478	786	689	806	960	1,139	1,175	289	289
Rockingham	1,365	3,547	799	761	265	265	622	622	1,665	1,127	1,094	1,274	806	947	717	853	1,110	560	560
Stokes	217	827	954	637	265	265	66	66	721	892	1,410	1,099	360	368	661	842	149	146	146
Vance	358	1,860	985	935	688	688	105	105	1,030	892	1,410	1,099	360	368	661	842	149	146	146
District 3—Alexander	1,034	3,250	614	422	237	629	314	117	117	1,030	892	1,410	1,099	360	368	661	842	149	146
District 3—Alexander	10,467	30,346	24,679	4,414	5,447	5,447	314	6,386	6,386	10,774	12,405	6,623	3,404	9,434	12,023	6,385	9,057	6,385	9,057
Catawba	2,778	5,433	2,291	1,912	627	422	730	78	2,424	3,216	631	1,122	835	582	1,435	1,714	1,054	1,013	1,013
Chatham	1,012	2,565	2,658	2,417	129	111	166	166	1,016	1,016	641	1,122	835	582	1,435	1,714	1,054	1,013	1,013
Davidson	689	1,217	1,598	703	813	813	307	307	3,382	3,382	2,117	1,066	881	671	2,094	2,064	2,109	1,862	1,862
Dayton	1,427	3,086	984	771	1,023	611	815	640	749	6,109	3,400	2,459	4,161	785	514	2,094	2,064	2,109	1,862
Lee	755	1,721	504	308	618	780	82	82	378	2,691	2,256	1,129	1,129	146	102	465	540	448	446
Randolph	823	3,199	6,452	1,331	775	790	249	249	6,391	5,879	3,999	4,851	459	544	540	540	448	446	446
Roman	1,842	4,406	2,342	1,331	775	790	249	249	6,391	5,879	3,999	4,851	459	544	540	540	448	446	446
Wake	1,640	2,630	3,603	723	600	454	454	225	225	456	413	293	313	466	596	565	673	1,178	1,365
District 6—Alston	12,048	33,415	23,391	20,106	5,441	5,669	5,829	5,779	25,705	21,464	18,026	19,800	4,812	4,863	10,009	11,957	7,067	8,193	8,193
Catawba	1,953	2,585	2,080	1,139	426	356	126	130	3,304	1,433	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240	3,240
Cleveland	627	3,729	126	272	1,009	436	491	491	1,111	707	849	748	392	395	422	422	422	422	422
Cleveland	1,186	3,729	126	272															

NUMBERS LIVESTOCK FOR NORTH CAROLINA

11

Home Gardens		Fruit Trees of Bearing Age		Sows of Breeding Age		Hogs Sold or Slaughtered		Hens of Laying Age		Milk Cows		Bee Colonies		Commercial Fertilizers Tons		DISTRICTS AND COUNTIES
		Apple	Peach													
1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1926	1932	1928	1931	
482	349	57,710	6,167	443	682	3,052	3,854	29,511	28,232	3,625	3,033	1,930	1,144	3,466	1,257	Alleghany—District 1
893	872	108,885	14,854	825	561	5,820	6,355	60,417	63,385	7,599	7,330	1,552	3,170	2,035	1,916	Ashe
554	747	45,274	6,365	192	235	1,472	1,593	16,430	19,095	1,730	2,062	758	1,264	292	598	Avery
615	589	56,802	31,822	277	333	2,523	2,936	33,934	38,796	2,434	3,044	2,949	1,648	2,642	1,050	Caldwell
158	1,715	88,665	61,468	250	607	5,361	4,817	59,987	58,573	4,393	3,870	2,978	3,228	9,201	7,635	Curry
759	663	75,154	5,808	367	264	3,032	2,451	40,422	33,967	4,111	3,381	1,762	1,556	2,500	2,058	Watauga
1,819	1,851	208,843	71,794	452	716	7,697	6,875	72,865	73,018	7,061	6,946	7,171	5,983	2,956	2,992	Wilkes
556	723	37,091	46,159	189	240	3,164	3,150	45,072	53,080	2,711	3,156	2,141	1,950	5,175	4,171	Yadkin
5,836	7,509	678,424	244,437	2,995	3,638	32,121	32,031	358,638	368,146	33,664	32,822	21,241	19,943	28,357	21,677	Northern Mountain (NW.)
1,163	1,532	86,935	30,159	151	331	3,550	3,498	66,042	67,501	7,913	7,385	4,461	2,831	1,017	1,017	Buncombe—District 4
455	718	53,192	81,321	275	339	2,552	2,328	49,875	45,028	2,213	2,413	2,542	1,230	2,652	1,623	Burke
619	580	50,713	10,878	253	289	2,497	1,701	38,452	37,517	2,476	2,393	3,056	2,197	764	811	Cherokee
210	206	14,083	6,271	213	322	2,226	1,905	18,199	19,805	1,333	1,309	1,452	1,148	357	303	Clay
152	159	8,509	5,958	202	290	278	763	7,844	8,344	509	787	1,550	167	200	46	Graham
799	724	131,882	13,623	273	384	2,583	2,873	43,920	42,936	4,253	4,272	2,551	1,726	731	843	Haywood
828	699	103,148	9,340	137	214	2,247	1,984	44,156	36,822	2,810	3,101	2,041	1,226	2,317	1,406	Henderson
582	575	464	20,543	413	495	2,474	2,601	26,210	26,245	2,487	2,695	3,426	2,266	558	659	Jackson
473	569	26,616	11,376	121	160	1,365	1,641	18,811	21,864	1,366	1,629	1,555	1,051	692	355	McDowell
477	552	44,346	19,148	288	414	2,785	2,897	23,971	29,286	2,366	2,472	3,279	1,305	1,053	386	Macon
	870	7,480	232	310	314	2,483	59,705	54,348				3,863	2,122	2,241	850	Madison
626	762	54,225	5,018	164	280	2,245	2,135	22,442	20,971	2,244	2,880	829	1,018	820	721	Mitchell
224	277	11,117	17,792	13	127	863	1,047	14,191	18,704	869	1,051	1,077	797	3,010	2,145	Polk
1,050	1,738	38,609	78,256	249	184	4,230	4,255	65,034	63,487	4,350	4,434	3,294	2,868	9,297	9,359	Rutherford
284	271	28,192	6,877	67	218	977	794	15,540	13,956	1,230	1,527	1,526	847	712	175	Swain
197	326	11,872	6,821	167	196	1,456	970	14,327	14,106	883	1,001	436	576	719	625	Transylvania
811	753	73,384	11,113	226	283	2,414	3,016	26,282	30,074	2,531	2,915	1,374	1,673	554	817	Yancey
8,950	11,311	737,287	291,974	3,444	4,836	38,254	36,891	555,001	550,994	39,833	45,527	36,571	25,167	25,733	20,424	Western Mountain (W.)
1,314	1,482	11,954	36,615	556	679	5,813	5,360	71,161	72,266	4,198	1,505	2,953	1,613	7,269	5,254	Alamance—District 2
1,224	1,409	21,295	19,663	157	299	3,556	4,395	43,167	50,359	2,213	2,529	858	845	10,368	6,199	Caswell
983	949	14,658	8,176	169	188	4,836	2,343	21,620	29,059	2,074	1,944	1,051	547	6,673	3,455	Durham
1,032	1,194	34,742	44,971	294	525	4,718	5,480	69,068	75,681	4,359	4,934	1,839	1,769	6,970	4,918	Forsyth
1,500	1,859	20,210	15,904	605	870	6,015	5,340	52,398	59,624	2,438	2,527	1,734	454	21,905	12,612	Franklin
2,605	2,274	17,575	17,623	315	722	5,522	5,722	57,981	65,398	3,079	3,635	1,229	616	17,437	10,614	Granville
1,694	1,839	36,111	32,530	495	633	6,907	5,493	89,281	76,119	5,645	6,711	3,310	1,350	10,572	3,091	Guilford
960	891	25,073	19,576	274	490	3,830	3,743	47,198	53,592	2,775	32,571	1,967	894	6,130	3,374	Orange
1,139	1,328	24,971	21,193	275	430	5,018	5,333	53,828	23,694	2,760	3,016	1,021	658	11,695	9,316	Person
1,947	2,219	42,493	32,556	144	177	5,068	5,063	68,826	82,394	3,810	4,106	2,359	2,238	9,549	8,584	Rockingham
1,948	1,644	53,421	34,291	147	95	4,473	4,104	61,135	61,260	3,187	3,326	3,188	2,890	9,695	7,865	Stokes
1,122	1,265	17,342	8,705	251	314	2,574	3,025	34,021	38,767	1,910	1,899	903	314	11,101	9,344	Vance
955	1,227	17,422	12,450	408	924	4,607	4,177	33,396	36,086	2,042	2,657	1,381	428	11,765	6,794	Warren
18,323	19,580	337,267	304,253	4,080	6,346	62,937	59,578	703,080	724,199	40,490	71,360	23,793	14,622	141,129	91,400	Northern Piedmont (N.)
494	680	105,374	26,901	200	253	2,514	2,463	32,197	32,723	2,025	2,143	2,563	1,444	2,286	1,816	Alexander—District 5
798	987	61,163	58,914	451	612	3,924	4,187	58,251	62,922	4,001	4,030	2,329	1,442	14,128	5,035	Catawba
1,218	1,015	26,998	13,307	689	941	7,647	7,000	62,551	67,577	3,136	3,808	3,359	1,401	12,587	5,742	Chatham
659	501	30,999	44,606	667	786	7,435	8,096	66,856	68,190	5,135	5,018	3,030	1,901	9,902	4,798	Davidson
1,251	1,081	49,379	55,104	468	584	6,247	5,833	72,008	61,048	5,269	5,401	1,839	2,708	12,999	6,828	Davie
456	488	8,567	6,933	141	275	2,330	2,520	30,970	34,069	1,112	1,321	291	356	8,449	5,804	Iredell
876	1,029	42,844	38,961	819	1,475	6,268	5,527	95,024	98,117	4,854	5,032	4,610	2,567	6,117	5,674	Lee
1,155	1,422	26,812	46,269	510	820	5,536	6,362	61,194	71,569	4,931	5,582	2,711	2,062	9,350	5,645	Randolph
1,898	2,972	43,157	38,725	870	1,490	10,223	30,513	84,340	118,602	4,819	6,053	3,008	1,989	36,205	24,220	Rowan
9,453	11,542	415,656	347,548	5,120	7,617	55,737	75,581	607,640	649,312	38,611	41,475	24,787	16,815	114,884	67,758	Wake
871	918	10,463	52,191	568	936	3,969	5,643	48,869	53,055	2,549	2,974	993	617	20,077	67,758	Central Piedmont (C.)
862	907	18,179	20,547	461	694	3,885	5,239	46,089	48,599	3,612	4,417	1,311	925	6,272	14,723	Anson—District 8
1,077	1,425	43,611	63,098	173	143	5,762	6,032	76,949	86,597	5,331	5,599	1,747	1,385	20,546	36,239	Cabarrus
777	1,027	25,940	55,524	289	290	3,130	3,703	44,216	47,773	3,882	4,232	1,390	1,329	8,524	4,571	Cleveland
770	691	26,092	41,103	303	269	3,069	2,663	41,444	42,114	2,651	2,740	1,6				

COTTON, American and All Kinds: Production, Carryover, Supply and Consumption

Season	AMERICAN COTTON							ALL KINDS						
	Av. Price 10 spot Markets Cents	Exports from U. S.	United States Production	Carryover, beginning of season		Total Supply m. bales (a)	United States Consump- tion	World Consump- tion	World Production including China 500 lb. bales	Carryover, beginning of season		Total Supply (d)	United States Consump- tion m. bales	World Consump- tion
				In U. S.	World					In U. S. m. bales (b)	World Mixed bales (c)			
1920-21	16.66	5,745	13,440	3,278.9	6,338	19,778	4,677	10,030	21,100	3,563.2	11,185	32,285	4,893	17,595
1921-22	18.09	6,184	7,954	6,360.7	9,393	17,347	5,613	12,757	15,400	6,534.4	13,774	29,174	5,910	21,167
1922-23	25.83	4,823	9,755	2,664.9	5,162	14,917	6,322	12,666	19,300	2,831.5	9,636	28,936	6,666	22,143
1923-24	30.14	5,656	10,140	2,123.0	3,304	13,444	5,353	11,107	19,700	2,319.0	6,869	26,569	5,681	20,430
1924-25	24.22	8,005	13,628	1,439.4	2,705	16,333	5,917	13,256	24,800	1,555.5	6,002	30,802	6,193	23,294
1925-26	19.68	8,051	16,104	1,503.8	3,386	19,490	6,176	13,730	27,900	1,609.8	6,936	34,836	6,456	24,681
1926-27	14.40	10,927	17,977	3,413.6	5,495	23,472	6,880	15,780	28,400	3,542.6	9,484	37,884	7,190	26,141
1927-28	19.72	7,542	12,955	3,663.0	7,696	20,651	6,535	15,407	24,000	3,762.4	11,657	35,657	6,834	25,540
1928-29	18.67	8,044	14,478	2,425.6	5,114	19,592	6,778	15,076	26,900	2,536.6	9,657	36,557	7,091	25,882
1929-30	15.79	6,690	14,828	2,129.8	4,497	19,325	5,803	13,023	26,500	2,312.0	9,250	35,756	6,106	25,209
1930-31	9.61	6,760	13,932	4,321.7	6,287	20,219	5,084	10,907	25,800	4,530.4	11,281	37,081	5,263	22,483
1931-32	5.89	8,706	17,096	6,262.7	8,868	25,964	4,747	12,319	27,500	6,370.0	13,634	41,134	4,869	22,323
1932-33	6.00		12,727	9,585.0	12,982	25,709			24,000	9,682.3	16,978	40,978		

NOTE: Bales shown in thousand (000) omitted. All are in running bales excepting those otherwise marked "m" or 500 lb. bales. Consumption, exports and carryover compiled from reports of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

(a) U. S. production in 500 lb. gross bales, carryover in running bales.
 (b) American carryover in running bales, foreign carryover in the U. S. in 500 lb. bales.
 (c) American carryover in running bales, foreign carryover in 478 lb. bales (lint).
 (d) In 478 lb. bales, except American carryover which is in running bales.

TOBACCO—FLUE-CURED

Production, Stocks, Disappearance and Prices, 1913-1931

Years	PRODUCTION					Stocks July 1 Million Lbs.	Total Supply Million Lbs.	Disappeara- nce Million Lbs.	Price per Lb. Cents
	Type 11 Million Lbs.	Type 12 Million Lbs.	Type 13 Million Lbs.	Type 14 Million Lbs.	Total Million Lbs.				
1913	165.6	117.2			282.8	211.0	493.8	262.3	18.3
1914	144.0	131.4			275.4	231.5	506.9	238.3	11.3
1915	163.2	148.8			312.0	268.6	580.6	301.2	10.5
1916	136.8	126.5			263.3	279.4	542.7	289.3	19.0
1917	141.0	217.8			358.8	253.4	612.2	319.8	30.5
1918	227.2	257.6			484.8	292.4	779.5	452.2	34.3
1919	180.3	183.8	101.2	11.6	476.9	327.3	804.2	500.0	44.4
1920	297.3	220.0	87.0	11.7	616.0	304.2	920.2	437.1	21.5
1921	168.2	127.9	56.2	6.5	358.8	483.1	841.9	401.2	21.9
1922	231.1	126.3	54.0	4.0	415.4	440.7	856.1	417.4	27.2
1923	268.8	205.3	97.4	9.2	580.7	438.7	1,019.4	542.8	20.8
1924	205.2	139.1	61.5	31.5	437.3	476.6	913.9	451.6	21.6
1925	213.0	215.4	95.6	51.1	575.1	642.3	1,037.4	582.0	20.0
1926	226.6	212.2	79.7	41.6	560.1	455.4	1,015.5	549.0	24.9
1927	284.2	262.0	110.6	62.0	718.8	466.5	1,185.3	620.3	20.5
1928	245.6	284.7	121.5	87.3	739.1	565.0	1,304.1	741.1	17.3
1929	262.9	265.3	128.4	93.1	749.7	590.0	1,339.7	740.4	18.0
1930	294.1	315.9	145.3	109.0	864.3	599.3	1,463.6	786.8	12.0
1931	236.8	251.9	113.2	63.1	665.0	676.8	1,341.7	596.5	8.5
1932	126.1	152.4	70.6	12.9	362.0	745.2	1,107.2		12.0

Productions: Estimated December, 1932. Stocks compiled by the Tobacco Section of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics.

COTTON AND TOBACCO SUPPLY AND DEMAND

The price of cotton is influenced by world production and consumption. Therefore, world data is provided in the table above. Post war years only are shown, as these avoid the peak or abnormal conditions existing prior to 1920. Complete study data is shown so that any one may analyze the factors which influence yearly cotton prices. Monthly prices for North Carolina are shown on page 7. A knowledge of the surplus stocks or

carry over is as important as the yearly crop production. Influences of these factors may be studied in relation to the market "spot" prices. Consumption relates to usages by mills and other "disappearance" agencies. With a knowledge of the 1932 factors, some idea may be gained as to what to expect for the 1933 crop. Of course, the depression or economic conditions now hold a peculiarly heavy influence on consumption and prices.

To a more limited extent, the tobacco information offers the same opportunities.

COTTON CROP ESTIMATES FOR THE UNITED STATES

	AREA PICKED (Thousands omitted)			YIELD LINT COTTON PER ACRE			PRODUCTION BALES (Thousands omitted)		
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932
Virginia	89	70	74	225	289	181	42	42	28
North Carolina	1,643	1,333	1,373	225	271	223	775	756	640
South Carolina	2,173	1,960	1,842	220	245	180	1,001	1,005	695
Georgia	3,863	3,431	2,985	197	194	135	1,593	1,393	845
Florida	120	118	91	200	175	79	50	43	15
Missouri	369	348	390	195	357	350	151	289	285
Tennessee	1,225	1,115	1,104	147	255	195	377	594	450
Alabama	3,770	3,397	3,159	187	200	141	1,473	1,420	930
Mississippi	4,243	4,032	3,830	165	209	144	1,464	1,761	1,150
Louisiana	2,110	1,958	1,801	162	220	162	715	900	610
Texas	16,950	15,469	13,922	114	165	153	4,038	5,320	4,445
Oklahoma	3,997	3,395	3,123	102	178	166	854	1,261	1,080
Arkansas	3,908	3,566	3,530	107	256	171	874	1,907	1,260
New Mexico	127	117	112	375	412	325	99	101	76
Arizona	215	176	113	346	313	347	155	115	82
California	270	192	123	468	440	490	264	177	126
All Others	19	16	17	173	365	286	7	12	10
United States Total	45,691	40,693	37,589	147.7	201.2	162.1	13,932	17,096	12,727

NOTE: Acreage and Production figures above are shown in thousands—Production is given in 500 pound bales—Figures for 1932 represent December 1 estimates and will be revised in May 1933.

"IF"

IF the farming industry used the business methods found to be essential by other industries, our farmers might control the world.

IF farm accounts and records were maintained, comprehensive plans could largely be made to avoid unprofitable products. See page 13.

IF our farmers were to socialize with business men and their families, more needed inspirational and educational contacts would result.

IF a farmer would set aside one hour each night for definite study, records making and planning of tomorrow's work, what a different farm would result.

IF each grower were to always offer the well graded and packed products that he demands when buying, much of his personal skepticism would disappear.

IF he were to inform himself on the production, market prices and demands, he might intelligently demand definite prices, instead of selling at wholesale and buying at retail "time prices."

IF the farmer would definitely develop credit contacts and accounts, many pinches and high interest charges might be avoided.



Cabbage is a cash crop in New Hanover and Carteret counties. This pictures County Agent J. P. Herring near Wilmington. Cabbage should be included in most home gardens at this time of the year.

COTTON GINNED IN NORTH CAROLINA

13

COUNTIES	TOTAL GINNINGS FOR SEASON (Running Bales)							COTTON GINNED TO DECEMBER 13			COTTON GINNED PRIOR TO JANUARY 16	
	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1931	% 1931	1932	1932	1933
Alamance	2,033	2,726	1,763	2,196	1,887	1,331	1,204	992	82.4	592	1,180	730
Anson	23,350	33,503	27,987	22,928	17,461	25,262	27,368	26,844	98.1	18,580	27,129	18,945
Beaufort	8,500	11,553	7,288	9,020	4,804	5,641	3,829	3,742	98.7	3,873	3,817	3,973
Bertie	18,618	15,079	9,959	11,116	7,496	7,744	6,152	5,897	95.9	6,090	6,120	6,360
Bladen	8,208	11,234	6,387	5,825	5,450	5,545	4,089	4,027	98.5	4,821	4,083	4,899
Cabarrus	13,449	19,076	12,432	11,963	14,866	15,001	15,672	15,286	97.5	8,538	15,542	8,930
Camden	4,565	4,716	2,404	2,788	2,215	2,198	1,344	1,334	99.3	1,767	1,344	2,093
Catawba	11,561	15,566	10,375	13,297	16,100	16,640	16,517	15,690	95.0	9,829	16,175	10,560
Chatham	11,049	10,190	7,741	6,782	4,675	4,476	4,305	4,147	96.3	2,555	4,250	2,727
Chowan	6,288	7,810	5,068	5,289	3,005	3,421	1,993	1,957	98.2	2,641	1,990	2,699
Cleveland	37,221	47,550	48,699	53,921	64,340	62,785	64,579	63,568	98.4	44,469	64,099	45,223
Columbus	1,047	2,156	1,719	826	1,880	1,390	670	663	99.1	1,142	666	1,161
Craven	3,042	3,531	1,486	2,376	1,980	1,635	875	806	92.1	2,192	850	2,290
Cumberland	29,415	31,327	17,085	16,848	16,990	20,136	19,424	19,310	99.4	15,951	19,367	16,194
Currituck	1,494			1,143	1,390	1,388	771	728	94.4	646	758	706
Davidson	2,330	2,943	1,845	2,041	2,285	2,596	2,448	2,221	90.7	1,150	2,370	1,376
Davie	5,142	5,835	4,391	4,929	6,160	6,698	5,297	4,735	89.4	2,695	5,002	2,995
Duplin	13,341	15,776	9,560	7,327	7,424	6,753	6,124	6,095	99.5	6,510	6,118	6,546
Durham	2,759	2,408	1,242	1,064	530							
Edgecombe	41,692	40,384	26,358	25,418	18,736	19,837	18,648	18,028	96.7	19,534	18,469	20,186
Franklin	32,398	28,884	19,303	20,010	12,964	13,259	14,883	14,505	97.5	13,830	14,763	14,365
Gaston	8,856	13,612	12,459	13,273	13,705	13,873	12,220	11,738	96.1	8,714	12,059	9,144
Gates	7,259	6,468	4,858	5,131	4,892	4,183	3,457	3,381	97.8	2,662	3,418	2,848
Granville	4,576	3,057	931	1,052	1,102	711						
Greene	12,370	14,003	8,275	7,044	3,132	4,166	4,031	3,661	90.8	5,699	3,985	5,957
Halifax	58,120	55,098	39,413	44,092	33,328	32,227	32,788	31,855	97.2	24,502	32,449	25,608
Harnett	47,998	50,380	35,811	33,425	31,018	31,436	29,601	29,410	98.4	24,465	29,517	24,876
Hertford	9,322	9,062	5,864	6,139	3,916	3,450	2,719	2,676	98.4	2,855	2,713	2,962
Hoke	18,712	17,566	13,527	14,188	9,969	14,003	12,561	12,512	99.6	11,674	12,537	11,858
Iredell	16,766	23,673	16,955	18,741	20,959	21,582	22,591	21,560	95.4	13,630	22,149	14,605
Johnston	74,136	73,143	51,274	41,251	39,265	39,691	37,160	36,376	97.9	38,889	36,979	39,701
Jones	2,203	2,865	1,937	1,605	1,187	1,293	1,051	975	92.8	1,925	1,034	2,039
Lee	12,180	12,147	8,752	8,332	5,704	6,176	4,951	4,838	97.7	3,828	4,914	4,042
Lenoir	14,193	16,315	9,787	10,200	5,792	8,079	5,257	4,962	94.4	8,479	5,155	8,690
Lincoln	12,053	16,555	12,707	15,586	19,539	19,361	21,538	21,130	98.1	14,150	21,378	15,030
Martin	8,681	7,898	5,023	5,213	3,029	3,436	3,019	2,909	96.4	4,883	2,998	5,100
Mecklenburg	21,984	32,166	22,745	21,299	25,234	25,754	23,455	22,537	96.1	14,517	22,973	15,883
Montgomery	6,145	9,307	5,825	6,371	5,497	5,854	4,482	4,246	94.7	2,036	4,380	2,230
Moore	8,318	10,054	5,768	5,100	3,369	2,966	1,749	1,668	95.4	1,419	1,719	1,446
Nash	59,871	57,391	40,794	39,103	23,388	25,159	24,653	23,826	96.6	26,644	24,480	27,363
Northampton	37,245	39,234	29,603	34,134	30,039	29,736	22,417	22,001	98.1	16,459	22,277	17,200
Onslow	2,209	2,947	1,262	1,571	1,632	1,425	881	728	82.6	1,509	861	1,624
Orange	2,114	2,272	1,648	1,776	1,301	1,060	1,086	959	88.3	617	1,070	723
Pamlico	2,142	1,964	1,078	1,824	1,253							
Pasquotank	3,329	4,434	2,222	2,344	1,097							
Pender	1,409	2,070	892									
Perquimans	8,129	9,484	5,556	6,386	3,273	3,093	2,431	2,301	94.7	3,101	2,370	3,172
Pitt	26,817	30,707	19,641	17,579	6,961	10,001	8,843	7,937	89.8	16,573	8,687	17,198
Polk	3,596	2,561	3,013	3,965	5,524	5,107	5,534	5,382	97.3	3,370	5,481	3,653
Randolph	2,269	2,279	1,540	1,724	1,444	1,285	1,055	919	87.1	682	1,043	839
Richmond	19,054	23,984	14,886	13,560	8,724	10,429	9,091	9,024	99.3	5,893	9,064	5,986
Robeson	60,939	69,140	40,210	38,672	40,281	52,221	47,047	46,812	99.5	42,304	47,007	42,874
Rowan	15,706	18,264	13,279	15,155	15,968	17,870	18,223	17,311	95.0	9,552	17,550	10,222
Rutherford	13,147	12,873	13,762	17,821	23,273	21,189	21,895	21,068	96.2	14,806	21,647	15,979
Sampson	41,070	42,417	29,213	23,478	25,992	28,683	32,511	32,025	98.5	30,296	32,298	30,668
Scotland	30,852	36,344	25,450	22,252	16,186	24,219	19,151	19,028	99.4	14,983	19,132	15,195
Stanly	9,578	15,072	10,716	11,489	10,539	10,532	9,536	9,101	95.4	5,849	9,423	6,370
Union	29,447	37,310	34,909	31,451	30,239	28,732	31,200	30,350	97.3	24,556	30,837	25,337
Vance	9,677	7,813	5,252	6,097	5,447	4,338	5,671	5,317	93.8			
Wake	51,271	45,504	30,152	27,954	18,161	15,459	12,356	11,922	96.5	13,318	12,205	13,866
Warren	21,435	18,151	14,519	17,657	18,727	13,447	16,965	16,727	98.6	11,496	16,891	11,961
Washington	1,746	1,263	1,144	1,796	864	1,251	1,215	1,127	92.8	897	1,190	909
Wayne	39,019	39,590	25,970	21,554	15,251	19,399	21,817	21,357	97.9	23,352	21,716	24,092
Wilson	31,477	31,660	23,741	19,964	12,001	12,650	12,938	12,366	95.6	15,319	12,828	15,721
All Others	5,418	6,416	4,242	4,793	6,203	7,290	5,848	5,197	88.9	11,275	10,919	12,303
North Carolina Total	1,147,340	1,246,754	879,677	869,248	767,043	800,582	771,186	749,794	97.2	644,613	763,735	668,222

COST OF PRODUCING CROPS IN NORTH CAROLINA

PER ACRE COSTS AND VALUE OF CROPS	CORN			WHEAT			OATS			IRISH POTATOES			COTTON			
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1929	1930	1931	1932
1. Commercial Fertilizer.....	\$4.48	\$3.01	\$ 2.08	\$2.73	\$2.27	\$1.88	\$2.31	\$2.24	\$1.52	\$19.22	\$16.08	\$8.92	\$9.00	\$7.57	\$6.12	\$4.79
2. Manure and Compost.....	1.81	1.42	1.26	1.25	.91	.72	.54	.59	.24	1.99	5.02	2.64	1.36	.87	1.24	1.01
3. Seed and Plants.....	.44	.40	.28	1.78	1.35	1.12	2.08	1.60	1.07	17.46	13.88	8.28	1.19	1.12	.80	.55
4. Sheets, containers, etc.....	.11	.07	.05	.43	.27	.23	.30	.20	.17	2.63	4.38	1.59	.30	.39	.22	.17
5. Threshing.....				1.98	1.70	1.30	1.71	1.74	1.28							
6. Ginning, bags and ties.....													2.30	2.38	2.00	1.67
7. Crop insurance.....	.02	.01		.02	.01			.01		.08			.05	.14	.06	
8. Damage to implements.....	.77	.87	.60	.77	.72	.52	.79	.63	.47	1.03	1.47	1.01	1.25	1.02	1.13	.68
9. Damage to buildings.....	.38	.33	.17	.22	.14	.11	.22	.16	.09	.16	.25	.08	.52	.58	.25	.17
10. Preparing ground.....	3.75	3.15	2.67	3.76	2.87	2.41	3.32	2.55	2.21	4.10	4.11	3.81	4.30	3.97	3.22	2.40
11. Planting or sowing.....	.87	.87	.74	.93	.91	.73	.89	.78	.68	3.18	3.20	2.95	1.43	1.06	.88	.70
12. Spraying, dusting, etc.....		.02	.01							.91	.89	1.02	.16	.87	.38	.19
13. Cultivation.....	4.20	3.16	2.78	.08	.08	.03	.01	.06	.02	5.16	3.21	3.42	6.80	6.39	4.70	3.58
14. Harvesting.....	2.68	2.04	1.66	2.38	1.97	1.66	2.02	1.73	1.53	6.75	5.83	5.24	7.98	6.51	4.88	3.67
15. Haul to market.....	1.82	1.48	1.26	1.44	.95	.81	1.28	.84	.72	4.98	5.95	3.47	1.13	.88	.82	.77
16. Overhead.....	1.18	1.11	.69	.98	1.09	.51	.71	.90	.50	1.31	1.37	1.09	1.43	1.21	1.35	.77
17. Other costs not shown.....	.05	.11	.03	.08	.05	.01	.05	.05		.01	.13	.02	.06	.06	.15	.04
18. What land cash rents for.....	6.69	5.10	4.22	6.06	4.62	3.89	6.18	4.75	3.76	9.57	10.16	5.81	8.21	7.59	5.15	4.14
19. Total cost per acre.....	29.25	23.15	18.50	24.89	19.91	15.94	22.41	18.83	14.26	78.54	75.93	49.35	47.47	42.61	33.33	25.30
20. Yield per acre.....	26	28	21	15	16	12	26	30	24	124	105	.97	268	305	341	271
21. Cost per bu. or lb.....	1.12	.83	.88	1.66	1.24	1.33	.86	.63	.59	.63	.72	.51	.18	.14	.98	.09
22. Price received for product.....	.94	.48	.71	1.13	.71	.67	.72	.39	.35	1.09	.64	.60	.17	.097	.06	.06
23. Value of product per acre.....	23.98	12.72	9.44	16.86	11.26	7.95	18.61	11.90	8.30	138.22	65.92	59.68	44.80	29.80	21.47	17.11
24. Value of by-products.....	2.91	2.11	1.51	2.35	1.71	1.06	2.13	1.77	1.29	.73			6.61	5.53	3.48	2.99
25. Value of land.....	49.00	37.00	32.00	44.00	38.00	29.00	49.00	40.00	33.00	62.00	58.00	36.00	68.00	52.00	31.00	27.00
26. Land tax.....	1.30	1.01	1.01	1.19	.95	.91	1.43	.96	.97	1.90	1.37	1.14	1.45	1.41	1.04	1.06
27. Net cost per acre.....	26.34	21.04	16.99	22.54	18.20	14.88	20.28	17.06	12.97	78.52	75.20	49.35	40.86	37.08	29.85	22.31
28. Profit or loss.....	-2.36	-8.32	-5.74	-5.68	-6.94	-1.91	-1.67	-5.16	-3.38	+59.70	-9.28	+10.33	+3.94	-7.28	-8.38	-2.21

NORTH CAROLINA LIVESTOCK (Reported by Assessors)

DISTRICTS AND COUNTIES	Horses		Mules		Cattle—Other than Milk		Milk Cattle		All Cattle		Hogs		Sheep	
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932
DISTRICT 1														
Alleghany.....	1,350	1,200	200	210	8,015	6,214	3,012	2,500	11,027	8,714	2,000	2,100	5,000	5,500
Ashe.....	2,417	2,376	256	246	10,446	10,753	8,206	8,565	18,652	19,318	4,249	5,255	24,054	22,857
Avery.....	773	779	162	158	2,208	2,196	2,272	2,165	4,480	4,361	1,128	1,123	5,284	5,167
Caldwell.....	865	730	1,120	1,098	2,408	2,579	3,856	4,150	6,264	6,729	3,030	3,556	209	226
Curry.....	964	910	3,295	3,196	2,914	3,311	5,393	5,847	8,307	9,158	4,723	5,763	216	201
Watauga.....	1,526	1,512	268	243	5,274	5,218	4,166	4,417	9,440	9,635	2,494	2,923	14,966	13,268
Wilkes.....	1,638	1,430	2,497	2,353	4,075	5,920	6,593	7,316	10,668	13,236	8,431	6,618	643	888
Yadkin.....	908	877	2,334	2,320	2,029	1,996	3,604	3,575	5,633	5,571	3,598	3,580	131	125
Northern Mountain (NW.)	10,441	9,814	10,132	9,824	37,369	38,187	37,102	38,535	74,471	69,722	29,653	30,918	50,503	48,232
DISTRICT 4—Buncombe.	1,605	1,631	1,671	1,615	8,005	8,221	10,106	10,724	18,111	18,945	3,293	5,054	1,592	1,864
Burke.....	790	740	1,500	1,492	880	900	3,100	3,300	3,980	4,200	2,300	2,700	110	115
Cherokee.....	474	495	1,226	1,190	2,834	2,960	2,643	2,942	5,477	5,902	1,800	2,253	54	698
Clay.....	264	246	615	538	1,899	1,959	1,472	1,666	3,371	3,625	1,655	2,130	1,166	1,130
Graham.....	316	301	242	226	1,467	1,532	1,050	1,150	2,517	2,682	1,476	1,751	1,460	1,314
Haywood.....	1,682	2,188	680	665	10,196	9,735	6,157	5,918	16,353	15,653	3,085	3,693	8,489	6,535
Henderson.....	997	1,015	875	992	2,502	2,569	3,884	4,289	6,386	6,858	1,988	2,589	483	451
Jackson.....	991	917	713	659	4,596	5,026	3,421	3,380	8,017	8,406	3,102	3,972	4,049	3,820
McDowell.....	363	306	932	934	1,352	1,353	2,167	2,473	3,519	3,826	1,488	1,795	119	142
Macon.....	682	783	1,057	1,036	3,351	3,446	3,330	3,614	6,681	7,060	3,078	3,763	1,850	1,884
Madison.....	1,500	1,380	1,546	1,670	6,747	7,094	5,589	5,883	12,336	12,977	3,311	3,962	4,938	4,748
Mitchell.....	672	638	559	570	1,853	2,024	2,498	2,547	4,351	4,571	1,876	2,199	1,430	1,593
Polk.....	205	213	1,016	1,003	685	784	1,380	1,310	2,085	2,094	934	1,038	42	28
Rutherford.....	525	513	3,851	3,836	2,232	2,595	4,856	5,337	7,088	7,932	3,941	5,561	64	105
Swain.....	457	409	473	418	1,825	1,757	1,705	1,756	3,530	3,513	1,684	2,000	1,083	1,000
Transylvania.....	480	450	380	375	1,743	1,800	1,808	1,830	3,551	3,630	2,294	2,837	4,311	3,975
Yancey.....	1,008	957	967	893	3,591	3,712	3,493	3,546	7,084	7,258	2,294	2,837	31,559	29,108
Western Mountain (W.)	12,991	13,182	18,303	18,112	55,758	57,467	58,659	61,665	114,417	119,132	38,033	48,277	77,702	82,527
DISTRICT 2—Alamance.	1,954	1,837	2,521	2,581	3,021	2,763	5,262	5,479	8,253	8,242	4,985	6,023	76	96
Caswell.....	824	729	2,509	2,357	992	1,155	2,621	2,693	3,613	3,848	5,262	4,631	56	13
Durham.....	900	833	1,419	1,409	1,200	1,242	2,782	2,812	3,982	4,054	2,835	3,001	35	500
Forsyth.....	1,574	1,586	2,487	2,797	2,857	2,797	5,726	5,898	8,523	8,755	6,119	6,438	593	587
Franklin.....	868	800	3,957	3,824	1,581	1,898	2,520	2,445	4,101	4,343	5,342	6,066	347	280
Granville.....	1,453	1,184	3,251	3,112	1,445	1,674	3,165	3,096	4,610	4,770	5,028	5,077	597	580
Guilford.....	3,154	2,972	3,398	3,114	3,293	3,183	9,172	8,764	12,465	11,947	9,547	9,632	436	405
Orange.....	1,171	1,084	1,980	1,925	1,964	2,277	3,676	3,650	5,640	5,927	3,834	4,289	241	264
Person.....	1,084	957	2,540	2,472	1,226	1,535	2,379	2,404	3,605	3,939	4,193	4,604	80	126
Rockingham.....	1,016	960	3,614	3,400	2,178	2,350	4,883	4,900	7,061	7,250	5,619	6,000	260	250
Stokes.....	760	653	3,214	3,002	1,842	2,105	3,705	3,788	5,547	5,593	4,139	4,826	76	29
Vance.....	621	743	2,030	1,988	809	983	2,024	2,111	2,833	3,094	3,160	3,350	165	161
Warren.....	1,154	947	2,737	2,614	1,913	2,188	2,677	2,876	4,590	5,064	4,672	5,332	394	435
Northern Piedmont (N.)	16,733	15,285	35,657	34,268	24,261	26,210	50,592	50,916	74,853	77,126	64,735	69,269	3,982	3,673
DISTRICT 5—Alexander.	559	540	1,538	1,505	1,956	1,602	2,553	2,462	4,509	4,064	2,128	2,524	59	71
Catawba.....	1,291	1,167	3,349	2,735	2,690	3,011	5,376	6,103	8,066	9,114	4,767	5,553	259	217
Chatham.....	1,200	1,134	3,604	3,472	3,275	3,787	4,300	4,122	7,576	7,909	6,213	6,945	920	802
Davidson.....	2,523	2,421	2,435	2,500	2,976	3,005	5,854	5,915	8,830	8,920	7,063	7,896	735	660
Davie.....	1,026	985	1,531	1,536	2,231	2,655	3,614	3,446	5,845	6,101	3,149	3,569	885	923
Iredell.....	1,506	1,485	4,414	4,171	3,640	3,580	6,691	6,476	10,331	10,056	5,912	5,809	300	309
Lee.....	269	233	1,717	1,588	869	942	1,540	1,681	2,409	2,623	2,465	2,767	140	155
Randolph.....	1,600	1,500	3,750	3,675	3,500	3,800	5,800	5,890	9,300	9,490	5,900	6,100	620	610
Rowan.....	1,980	1,967	3,556	3,628	2,951	3,042	6,445	6,762	9,395	9,804	5,734	6,337	305	469
Wake.....	1,314	1,059	6,337	7,844	2,915	3,053	5,880	5,820	8,795	8,873	10,403	10,478	86	28
Central Piedmont (C.)	13,328	12,491	32,231	32,654	27,003	28,277	48,653	48,677	75,056	76,954	53,734	57,978	4,309	4,244
DISTRICT 8—Anson.	518	474	4,048	4,004	1,822	2,087	2,792	2,943	4,614	5,030	3,695	4,684	140	180
Cabarrus.....	1,268	1,142	3,053	2,985	2,704	2,659	4,142	4,730	6,846	7,389	3,798	4,584	340	323
Cleveland.....	573	486	6,462	6,462	2,524	2,383	6,013	5,912	8,537	8,295	5,841	5,788	18	35
Gaston.....	561	550	3,163	3,000	2,513	2,610	5,524	5,400	8,037	8,010	2,419	2,600	130	132
Lincoln.....	604	537	3,274	3,187	1,816	2,181	4,231	3,872	6,047	6,053	3,920	4,667	115	121
Mecklenburg.....	840	775	5,175	4,956	3,675	4,343	9,314	8,742	12,989	13,085	4,271	5,264	484	488
Montgomery.....	286	286	1,671	1,601	1,118	1,255	1,839	1,831	2,957	3,086	2,568	2,506	102	145
Moore.....	518	448	2,140	1,393	1,579	1,579	2,382	2,474	3,775	4,053	3,431	3,643	488	490
Richmond.....	306	290	1,994	1,873	938	1,093	1,672	1,793	2,610	2,886	2,835	3,061	37	30
Stanly.....	876	886	3,287	3,240	2,673	3,090	3,953	4,367	6,625	7,457	4,411	5,833	214	180
Union.....	1,191	1,078	6,282	5,930	4,222	4,381	6,153	6,794	10,375	11,175	5,036	6,703	584	491
Southern Piedmont (S.)	7,541	6,952	40,561	39,306	25,398	27,661	48,015	48,858	73,413	76,519	42,225	49,633	2,652	2,615
DISTRICT 3—Bertie.	785	634	3,782	3,880	818	741	788	959	1,606	1,700	13,840	15,726	381	290
Camden.....	549	522	1,090	1,032	1,033	1,168	752	579	1,785	1,747	4,045	5,621	1,027	1,020
Chowan.....	331	313	1,393	1,391	917	1,037	381	433	1,298	1,470	10,742	10,793	559	552
Currituck.....	628	574	987	939	2,300	2,400	528	600	2,828	3,000	7,441	2,288	2,087	236
Dare.....	325	293	22	25	826	808	134	108	960	916	649	697	402	257
Edgecombe.....	588	761	6,031	5,562	1,297	1,619	1,239	1,143	2,536	2,662	12,491	14,182	555	650
Gates.....	617	615	1,754	1,664	717	680	598	1,074	1,315	1,754	13,345	15,177	538	521
Halifax.....	1,051	948	5,992	5,712	1,543	1,792	2,269	2,538	3,812	4,330	12,154	13,626	622	555
Hertford.....	687	538	2,583	2,572	628	634	840	852	1,468	1,486	11,531	11,640	405	455
Martin.....	332	274	3,729	3,589	837	975	563	594	1,400	1,569	13,844	16,578	40	60
Nash.....	601	495	6,528	6,044	1,223	1,337	1,851	2,114	3,074	3,451	11,165	12,221	94	150
Northampton.....	880	762	4,614	4,459	1,032	1,053	1,439	1,645	2,471	2,698	11,209	14,070	542	618
Pasquotank.....	937	866	1,579	1,538	1,555	1,747	1,723	1,652	3,278	3,399	10,621	14,210	2,219	2,309
Perquimans.....	547	504	1,678	1,633	721	837	755	857	1,476	1,694	12,245	12,689	1,269	1,051
Tyrrell.....	254	232	723	627	522	553	521	522	1,043	1,075	4,606	5,879	849	824
Washington.....	340	296	1,251	1,278	686	864	503	381	1,189	1,245	5,119	6,		

ADVANTAGES OF FARM SURVEYS AND CROP REPORTS

Farm surveys are usually made up of detailed information from a large number of representative farms in each county. Thus, a reliable picture of the particular matter concerned may be had in the quickest and cheapest possible way. Such a survey was made of the expected Presidential election last fall through various papers and magazines.

If "intentions" can be forecasted so reliably, how much more so may we learn of what is being done. Such surveys include three Rural Carrier Livestock and Crop Acreage surveys; Spring "Intentions" to Plant crops; the Township Farm Survey (Census); monthly individual farm reports; fall yield and price reports, and others scattered through the year.

Township Surveys

Since 1918 county crop and livestock surveys (Farm Census) have been secured

through the township tax list-takers each year. The early objections made by farmers to this have practically disappeared. More than 85 per cent of all farms were reported in 1932. The others were absentee landlords.

All surveys offer many advantages, depending on the scope and number of "samples" represented. The regular spring farm survey is especially good as it is secured at planting time from practically all farm owners; in fact, 85 per cent of all crop land was reported on in 1932. The results are shown on pages 8 to 11.

By using the established tax listing machinery, the additional cost for these surveys is not heavy. Within a few months the results are completed and distributed in printed form to agricultural leaders. This is the ideal method of a survey.

Usages of Farm Survey Information

Instead of being primarily for State and National benefit, the yearly crop reports to your tax supervisors are returned to the counties. After all, the State and National Departments of Agriculture are made up of those whose interests are back on the farms and communities from which they come; in fact, they are paid to conscientiously render a service that will benefit the farmers in a practical way.

As proof of the local usages of crop survey reports, talk with your Farm Agents, Agricultural Teachers, or your Superintendent of Schools.

One may readily locate weak or strong farm management features of a township or county by this information. The Farm Agent may render a wider and more intelligent individual service. He can reach "off-the-road" farmers, especially through mail services. Shipments and purchases may be greatly facilitated. Community meetings can be offered local facts for their guidance. Drought Relief and Farm Loan distributions are simplified and maximized. Inter-county farm facts are provided.

Farmers themselves are gradually or subconsciously awakened to facts and weaknesses if by nothing more than through "thinking" out these yearly re-

ports. The resulting State crop and livestock information and reports are greatly improved, due to the reliable **acreage and numbers** basis. By the farmers themselves giving this information, greatest reliability is provided. Then many more usages are provided for local interest, aid and enlightenment.

Economic Farm Situation

The Crop Reporting Service is in position to understand the distressing economic situation that our North Carolina farmers are now experiencing. If urban and rural folks were to exchange places for one month each would appreciate the the other more and a solution to the price situation might be reached. There is too much "gulf" between them. They misjudge each other.

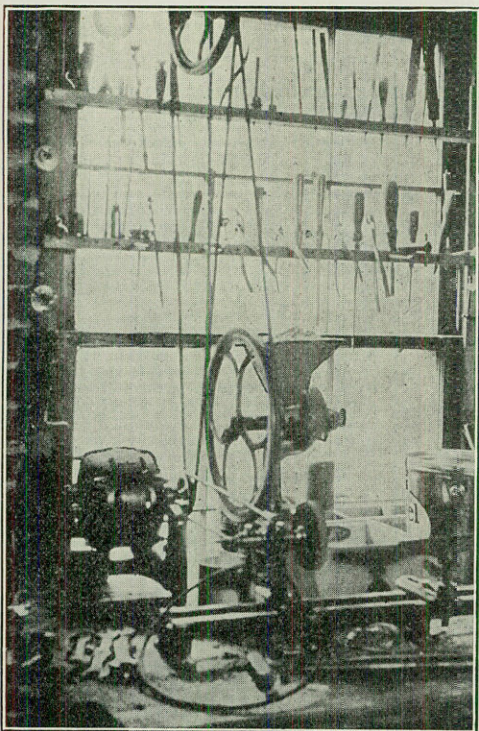
We realize that to advise others is easy, but to follow it is quite different. For this and other reasons, we offer from time to time, the **results** of what our farmers are actually doing, then one may draw his own conclusion and make plans thereby. After all, this is the only permanent solution of our problems. Organization would work, if loyalty and majorities could be gained, but that is hopeless. It is then up to the individual to solve his own problem, aided by reliable economic information which is available.

Such information is issued in this and similar publications. Take the farm surveys herein and one may easily notice that certain counties show very few acres of a particular crop, while they show large numbers of others. Thus, one may conclude that they have to buy where deficiency is shown and need to sell when excess is indicated. This is the way that business interests locate their selling and buying markets—so why not farmers?

By being informed, the farmer is on equal ground with the buyer, and may thereby gain many advantages, not otherwise probable.

Educational Folders Available

1. Why Secure Farm (Census) Surveys?
2. Why Make Crop Reports for Farmers?
3. How Crop Reports are Prepared.
4. How Farm Surveys Help Farmers.



This illustrates the way one farmer is meeting the depression problem. Being fortunate in having an electric motor in his work shop, this was made more convenient. He had a hand grinder mill, costing \$3.00. By replacing the handle with a sewing machine wheel, he rigged up pulley connections with his motor. Thus, he was enabled to grind his own whole wheat flour and meal, as well as to prepare cracked grains for cereals. He first ground these by hand. This family likes the whole wheat and "seconds" flour better than the white.

SERVICES RENDERED TO FARMERS BY THE SEVERAL DIVISIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY:

The work of this division consists principally of making chemical analyses of fertilizers, feeds and insecticides, in compliance with laws covering their sale. These products are valued and sold on the basis of their chemical composition and every package is required by law to show on label the active ingredients therein, stated in minimum percentages. Inspectors collect samples wherever found and forward them to the Department for analysis.

Reports showing the results of analysis in comparison with the guarantee are then mailed to the interested parties and also published in the Bulletin of the Department. In cases where the analysis reveals a deficiency in essential ingredients, the results are reported to the Commissioner of Agriculture, who enforces the penalty provided by statute for the benefit of the consumer.

BOTANY:

The Pure Seed Law was passed in 1909 and since that time our farmers have been protected against unscrupulous seed dealers who might sell dead and mixed seed. Noxious weeds had previously been scattered through the purchase of inferior seeds. The seed laboratory of the Botany Division makes germination and purity tests which guarantee the people of North Carolina against crop failures from poor stands. Growers and seed dealers appreciate the importance of this service, as evidenced by many hundreds of samples sent for testing each year. Not only are voluntary requests made, but seed inspectors take samples of seeds which are offered for sale and thus check the quality of seeds offered the farmers. Large yields of crops in this State are due primarily to the use of good seed, and these yields can be maintained only by having seeds examined prior to planting. Individual farmers, as well as dealers, may send in their own seeds for testing.

This office cooperates with millers and grain merchants in policing the trade in grains. It reviews the Federal grades placed on shipments of grains sent into the State, and also places official grades on any grains grown in the State which are offered for sale. Other routine duties of advisory and analytical nature are performed.

DAIRY:

In enforcing the law requiring fair testing of milk, the Dairy Division has made about 6,000 tests, which represent a dairy products income of \$20,000,000. To protect this income of the farmer, each person testing milk and operating a Babcock machine is examined to determine his ability, accuracy and equipment. Each producer's milk is thoroughly mixed, then weighed, sampled and a proper record made. Samples are accurately numbered and a proper record kept. An actual demonstration of the ability of the Babcock operator is demonstrated in the presence of the Chief of the Dairy Division. All samples are kept separate and protected so that they may not be tampered with.

A determined effort is made at all times to maintain good will and a spirit of cooperation with the fifty or more men and women doing the weighing, sampling and testing as this multiplies the ability and possibility of the inspector by fifty times.

ENTOMOLOGY:

This division is charged with the control of insects that affect man, animals and plants. Regulations and quarantines are enforced to prevent the dissemination of insect and other pests into or within the State. To do this, all plant nurseries including wild native plants are inspected, as are

all commercial bulb growing establishments. Active cooperation is maintained with the Federal Department of Agriculture in enforcing important Federal interstate quarantines.

A survey of the insects of the State includes scouting for pests that are likely to come in from other states or foreign countries. This includes such work as trapping, to ascertain if and where the dreaded Japanese beetle has been introduced.

Bee Breeding apiaries are inspected twice a year to assure freedom of disease in queen bees offered for sale. Information on the control of insects and diseases of peaches in the commercial peach orchards is supplied. Provisions of the Federal and State quarantine relative to "phony" peach disease and pine blister rust are enforced.

FOOD AND OIL:

The object and results of this Division, chemical and otherwise, is to protect the health, life and financial interest of the people of the State. This is done in the purchase of pure foods, beverages, linseed oil, illuminating oil and gasoline. The purpose is to prevent the sale of adulterated, misbranded, unwholesome and deleterious foods and beverages. It enables one to know, in purchasing food, that not only pure, wholesome food is being obtained, but that products are what they are represented to be in weight or measure and quality.

The Division makes tests of illuminating oil and gasoline so as to prevent the sale of dangerous oil that might otherwise cause explosions. Thus, a saving is made of both property, life and serious suffering as well as the preventing of the sale of bad gasoline for motor use.

MARKETS:

This is primarily a service and a promotional office.

This Division is charged with the responsibility of promoting and setting up farmers' organizations. The personnel of this office work very closely with and advise concerning the managements of these organizations, with respect to efficient and economical operation.

The Division also supervises and directs the certification as to grade of all farm commodities; issues daily bulletins during the marketing seasons, giving pertinent information of our major fruits and vegetables and tobacco, and keeps on file market information covering all other commodities which is made use of by the growers. Radio reports covering certain commodities are broadcast each day during the marketing period.

Members of the Division teach the growers how to prepare their products for market and advise, confer with and assist them in the marketing of any and all farm commodities.

FARM STATISTICS:

This Division conducts the auditing of the State's agricultural industry. Throughout the year it keeps in touch with and collects seasonal facts from thousands of farmers from all counties. Thus, individual farmers as well as agricultural leaders may have information as to yearly acreages, yields, prices, market activities or trends, movements, supplies, wages, rents and stocks on farms of crops.

Livestock facts are also collected for counties as well as the State and Nation. Information on performance or results, rather than advice, is its service. This is evidenced by the information in this Farm Forecaster and the monthly crop report releases.

PUBLICATIONS:

Through the office of publications, the Department has built up a medium of exchange, or "barter and sale," which is available to nearly 10,000

farm homes. This work is carried on through the "Agricultural Review." As an example of the benefits farmers are deriving from this service, one grower in eastern North Carolina was able to negotiate the sale of soy beans to the amount of \$50, which was much more than the entire publication cost per issue. Last year the Department carried more than three thousand five hundred lines, or 20,000 words, of notices for farmers, free. Hundreds of letters of appreciation were received from those who could not pay for commercial advertising.

TEST FARMS:

In order that farmers may see as well as hear of improved methods, varieties of crops and usages of fertilizers, seven "Test" farms are located in as many parts of the State. Thus, practical applications are made and results determined for different soils and climatic conditions. These farms are largely paying for themselves through the products sold. However, the biggest pay is gained through the better methods, varieties, fertilizers and livestock feeding results of these farms. New varieties of crops are developed. New and improved farm practices are proven. Long time tests of crops, livestock and soils overcome the influences of temporary conditions.

Thousands of farmers have admittedly gained ideas from these farms which have brought them net profits far greater than the cost of operating them. It is not practical or economical for the individual farmer to reliably make such tests as these farms conduct. Published results extend the advantages to any one seeking improved farming ideas. The benefits of Federal funds are gained which would otherwise go to other States.

VETERINARY:

The veterinary division renders a public service for the prevention, control and eradication of infectious and contagious diseases of livestock and poultry. This is not a personal service but a public service for the general welfare of the livestock industry, working in cooperation with the practicing veterinarians of the State, preventing and controlling animal diseases by the use of quarantine and modern methods of disease eradication.

This service has been responsible for the eradication of animal tuberculosis from the state and the eradication of the cattle fever tick. A campaign for the eradication of infectious abortion, especially of dairy cattle, is now in progress. The division gives advice to livestock owners by letter and otherwise, for the prevention and control of animal diseases through proper feeding, handling, etc. It applies this health service to the livestock on the twenty-two state-owned farms and the several farms owned by charitable institutions.

WAREHOUSING:

The State Warehouse System offers sale and protected storage facilities for cotton at reasonable rates, issuing therefor a receipt, the integrity of which is guaranteed by the State of North Carolina. This receipt is the very best of collateral and is acceptable as such by all banks. Holders are protected against loss by fire, theft or weather damage. The System also offers free of charge grading by a Federal licensed grader, obtains loans on licensed receipts, and where requested by the depositor, sells cotton.

At present there are seventy-seven warehouses licensed with a storage capacity of 400,000 bales. Over three hundred thousand bales have been handled by the various warehouses during the present year.



A part of the Holstein dairy herd at the Dix Hill Hospital at Raleigh. Good pasturage can be provided for livestock grazing on poor soils.